- The entire modelling and the strategy recommendations were made pre-COVID19, and are no longer economically or demographically valid. COVID has also shown us we need to be able to pivot quickly and flexibly - something this massive 'single solution' won't do.
- The tiny population increase for the four Rous supplied councils of only 12,720<sup>(2)</sup> people between 2020-2060 does not justify such a large and destructive dam. It risks being an expensive white elephant, diverting money away from more needed and effective solutions.
- It is likely to create division and conflict within our communities after suffering flood, drought and an extreme fire season. What we need are resilience and community building solutions.

# I SUPPORT these alternatives:

I believe we need to take action on a suite of smart water options and proven alternatives.

The tide is turning on renewable and sustainable power. It is time for the tide to turn on how we meet our water needs too. This is 21st century thinking.

# Strong Demand Management

Existing research over the past decade consistently finds that the best 'bang-for-buck' investment in water supply comes from demand management and identifying savings within the existing supply.<sup>(3) (4)</sup>

## Purified Recycled Water.

A wealth of global research and experience already exists regarding potable reuse of water as set out in the Australian report, *Potable Water Reuse: What can Australia learn from global experience?* 

https://www.waterra.com.au/publications/document-search/?download=1806 (5)

Example: The city of Windhoek has been using Purified Recycled Water for 30yrs . using advanced technology.

https://www.wingoc.com.na/our-history (6)

Water tanks on all new (and existing) developments<sup>(7)</sup> This builds community resilience
 much needed as the example of the extreme bushfire season has shown up.

The Australian government advises that:

Depending on tank size and climate, mains water use can be reduced by up to 100%. This in turn can help:

- \* reduce the need for new dams or desalination plants
- \* protect remaining environmental flows in rivers
- \* reduce infrastructure operating costs.

Rainwater harvesting also decreases stormwater runoff, thereby helping to reduce local flooding and scouring of creeks.<sup>(8)</sup> <u>https://www.yourhome.gov.au/water/rainwater</u>

Groundwater, where this is environmentally safe

The Australian government provides a lot of information on ecological impacts and groundwater usage.<sup>(9)</sup>

https://www.environment.gov.au/water/publications/what-are-the-ecological-impacts-ofgroundwater-drawdown

With scalable alternatives in place for supply, the existing Rocky Ck Dam supply component will be made resilient to anticipated times of drought and projected population growth, without the environmental destruction, social costs, and the over-capitalisation risk of an outsized dam.

## **References and Notes**

- NSW Department of Planning, Industry and Environment 2019, 'Delivering the plan', Sydney, viewed 03 August 2020, <<u>https://www.planning.nsw.gov.au/Plans-for-your-area/Regional-Plans/North-Coast/</u> Delivering-the-plan>
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Kind Regards,



### Feedback Submission Re: Proposed Dunoon Dam within the Future Water Project 2060

To: General Manager, Rous County Council PO Box 230, Lismore NSW 2480

From:

ENILY ROBERTS-FIELD Address:

Firstly, the community appreciates the submission extension. We also acknowledge the complexity of the work Rous does to provide water for our region.

I DO NOT support the proposed The Channon-Dunoon Dam for these reasons:

- Lost opportunity to invest in system-wide water efficiency. This is the cheapest & fastest way to ensure supply-demand balance. By focussing on system efficiency, Sydney added an additional 950,000 people without a rise in consumption.<sup>(1)</sup>
- · The 21st century is about a suite of smart water options. This dam would be a lost opportunity to make our system fit for the 21st century by swallowing all resources in one big expensive 'white dinosaur' project.
- The dam would encourage continued inefficient and wasteful water management by local governments. They would have no incentive to do things differently.
- Destruction of important Indigenous cultural heritage, including burial sites.<sup>(2)</sup>
- Destruction of The Channon Gorge and its endangered ecological community of lowland rainforest, threatened flora and fauna species.<sup>(3)</sup> Rous's plan to offset the loss of rainforest on sandstone with regeneration of degraded land in the buffer zone is problematic as the type of vegetation offered as recompense is not equivalent. (Nan Nicholson, botanist) Councils are required under State planning regulations to: "Focus development to areas of least biodiversity sensitivity in the region and implement the 'avoid, minimise, offset' hierarchy to biodiversity, including areas of high environmental value.<sup>n(4)</sup> Rous is required to avoid this destruction because there are economically viable and more effective solutions.
- Industrial/construction zone for The Channon/Dunoon community; noise, machinery, trucks, . visual impact. Ongoing sound impact from pump house etc.
- Higher prices for consumers due to a 4x increase in the cost of water. Rous general manager, in response to a question from councillor Vanessa Ekins, said he expected a fourfold increase in the cost of supplying water if the dam is built.
- The small population increase predicted for the four Rous-supplied councils of 12,720(5) between 2020-2060 does not justify such a large and destructive dam. The dam risks diverting expenditure away from more sustainable, flexible and effective solutions.<sup>(5)</sup>

### I SUPPORT these alternatives:

We need a suite of smart water options and proven alternatives, not a huge new dam. The tide is turning on renewable and sustainable power. It is time for the tide to turn on how we meet our water needs too.

An investment in system-wide water efficiency and strong demand management. Analysed, costed and deployed, creating jobs. (We understand Rous has not costed this in creating their future water plan) Existing research over the past decade consistently finds that the best 'bang-for-buck' investment in water supply comes from demand management and identifying savings within the existing supply.(6) (7)

- Water re-use in various ways, including Purified Recycled Potable water. A wealth of global research and experience exists regarding potable reuse of water.<sup>(9)</sup> Eq: The city of Windhoek in Namibia has been using purified recycled water for 30 years using advanced technology.<sup>(9)</sup>
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- Contingency planning would enable Rous to be ready to rapidly implement supply measures if it . becomes necessary in times of drought.
- Groundwater, where this is environmentally safe. The Australian government provides a lot of information on the ecological impacts and groundwater usage.<sup>(12)</sup>

#### **References and Notes**

- (1) Metropolitan Water Plan 2006, NSW Government. Exec Summary section of the doc https://www.dropbox.com/s/pu9898oq6kocrph/NSW%20Govt%202006%20MWP%20summary.pdf?dl=0
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- (3) SMEC Australia, Terrestrial Ecology Impact Assessment, 2011
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groundwater drawdown?

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# Feedback Submission Re: Proposed Dunoon Dam within the Future Water Project 2060

To: General Manager, Rous County Council PO Box 230, Lismore NSW 2480

From:		DANNY	XANNOL	LANDER	
Address:	+				
	-				

Firstly, the community appreciates the submission extension. We also acknowledge the complexity of the work Rous does to provide water for our region.

I DO NOT support the proposed The Channon-Dunoon Dam for these reasons:

- Lost opportunity to invest in system-wide water efficiency. This is the cheapest & fastest
  way to ensure supply-demand balance. By focussing on system efficiency, Sydney added an
  additional 950,000 people without a rise in consumption.<sup>(1)</sup>
- The 21st century is about a suite of smart water options. This dam would be a lost
  opportunity to make our system fit for the 21st century by swallowing all resources in one big
  expensive 'white dinosaur' project.
- The dam would encourage continued inefficient and wasteful water management by local governments. They would have no incentive to do things differently.
- Destruction of important Indigenous cultural heritage, including burial sites.<sup>(2)</sup>
- Destruction of The Channon Gorge and its endangered ecological community of lowland rainforest, threatened flora and fauna species.<sup>(3)</sup> Rous's plan to offset the loss of rainforest on sandstone with regeneration of degraded land in the buffer zone is problematic as the type of vegetation offered as recompense is not equivalent.(Nan Nicholson, botanist) Councils are required under State planning regulations to: "Focus development to areas of least biodiversity sensitivity in the region and implement the 'avoid, minimise, offset' hierarchy to biodiversity, including areas of high environmental value."<sup>(4)</sup> Rous is required to *avoid* this destruction because there are economically viable and more effective solutions.
- Industrial/construction zone for The Channon/Dunoon community; noise, machinery, trucks, visual impact. Ongoing sound impact from pump house etc.
- Higher prices for consumers due to a 4x increase in the cost of water. Rous general
  manager, in response to a question from councillor Vanessa Ekins, said he expected a fourfold
  increase in the cost of supplying water if the dam is built.
- The small population increase predicted for the four Rous-supplied councils of 12,720<sup>(5)</sup>
   between 2020-2060 does not justify such a large and destructive dam. The dam risks diverting expenditure away from more sustainable, flexible and effective solutions.<sup>(5)</sup>

#### I SUPPORT these alternatives:

We need a suite of smart water options and proven alternatives, not a huge new dam. The tide is turning on renewable and sustainable power. It is time for the tide to turn on how we meet our water needs too.

• An investment in system-wide water efficiency and strong demand management. Analysed, costed and deployed, creating jobs. (We understand Rous has not costed this in creating their future water plan) Existing research over the past decade consistently finds that the best 'bang-for-buck' investment in water supply comes from demand management and identifying savings within the existing supply.<sup>(6) (7)</sup>

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  research and experience exists regarding potable reuse of water.<sup>(8)</sup> Eg: The city of Windhoek in
  Namibia has been using purified recycled water for 30 years using advanced technology.<sup>(9)</sup>
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- Contingency planning would enable Rous to be ready to rapidly implement supply measures if it becomes necessary in times of drought.
- Groundwater, where this is environmentally safe. The Australian government provides a lot of information on the ecological impacts and groundwater usage.<sup>(12)</sup>

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Date: 20/08/2020

## Feedback Submission Re: Proposed Dunoon Dam within the Future Water Project 2060

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To: General Manager, Rous County Council PO Box 230, Lismore NSW 2480

From:	ROJAT	SILCOCIL	
Address:			

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I DO NOT support the proposed The Channon-Dunoon Dam for these reasons:

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  way to ensure supply-demand balance. By focussing on system efficiency, Sydney added an
  additional 950,000 people without a rise in consumption.<sup>(1)</sup>
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## Feedback Submission Re: Proposed Duncon Dam within the Future Water Project 2060

To: General Manager, Rous County Council PO Box 230, Lismore NSW 2480

KAFAY

From:

Address:

CHAVEZ

Firstly, the community appreciates the submission extension. We also acknowledge the complexity of the work Rous does to provide water for our region.

I DO NOT support the proposed The Channon-Dunoon Dam for these reasons:

LIN

- Lost opportunity to invest in system-wide water efficiency. This is the cheapest & fastest
  way to ensure supply-demand balance. By focussing on system efficiency, Sydney added an
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Date: 23/08/20



## Feedback Submission Re: Proposed Dunoon Dam within the Future Water Project 2060

To: General Manager, Rous County Council PO Box 230, Lismore NSW 2480

From: Address

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serial	Setten	Samuel	-
			-
			-

Firstly, the community appreciates the submission extension. We also acknowledge the complexity of the work Rous does to provide water for our region.

### I DO NOT support the proposed The Channon-Dunoon Dam for these reasons:

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  way to ensure supply-demand balance. By focussing on system efficiency, Sydney added an
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  increase in the cost of supplying water if the dam is built.
- The small population increase predicted for the four Rous-supplied councils of 12,720<sup>(5)</sup> between 2020-2060 does not justify such a large and destructive dam. The dam risks diverting expenditure away from more sustainable, flexible and effective solutions.<sup>(5)</sup>

### I SUPPORT these alternatives:

We need a suite of smart water options and proven alternatives, not a huge new dam. The tide is turning on renewable and sustainable power. It is time for the tide to turn on how we meet our water needs too.

• An investment in system-wide water efficiency and strong demand management. Analysed, costed and deployed, creating jobs. (We understand Rous has not costed this in creating their future water plan) Existing research over the past decade consistently finds that the best 'bang-for-buck' investment in water supply comes from demand management and identifying savings within the existing supply.<sup>(6) (7)</sup>

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Date: 23/08/20

### Feedback Submission Re: Proposed Dunoon Dam within the Future Water Project 2060

To: General Manager, Rous County Council PO Box 230, Lismore NSW 2480

From:



Firstly, the community appreciates the submission extension. We also acknowledge the complexity of the work Rous does to provide water for our region.

DO NOT support the proposed The Channon-Dunoon Dam for these reasons:

- Lost opportunity to invest in system-wide water efficiency. This is the cheapest & fastest way to ensure supply-demand balance. By focussing on system efficiency, Sydney added an additional 950,000 people without a rise in consumption.<sup>(1)</sup>
- · The 21st century is about a suite of smart water options. This dam would be a lost opportunity to make our system fit for the 21st century by swallowing all resources in one big expensive 'white dinosaur' project.
- The dam would encourage continued inefficient and wasteful water management by local governments. They would have no incentive to do things differently.
- Destruction of important Indigenous cultural heritage, including burial sites.<sup>(2)</sup>
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- Higher prices for consumers due to a 4x increase in the cost of water. Rous general manager, in response to a question from councillor Vanessa Ekins, said he expected a fourfold increase in the cost of supplying water if the dam is built.
- The small population increase predicted for the four Rous-supplied councils of 12,720(5) . between 2020-2060 does not justify such a large and destructive dam. The dam risks diverting expenditure away from more sustainable, flexible and effective solutions.<sup>(5)</sup>

### I SUPPORT these alternatives:

We need a suite of smart water options and proven alternatives, not a huge new dam. The tide is turning on renewable and sustainable power. It is time for the tide to turn on how we meet our water needs too.

 An investment in system-wide water efficiency and strong demand management. Analysed, costed and deployed, creating jobs. (We understand Rous has not costed this in creating their future water plan) Existing research over the past decade consistently finds that the best 'bang-for-buck' investment in water supply comes from demand management and identifying savings within the existing supply.(6) (7)

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Date: 23/8/20

### Feedback Submission Re: Proposed Dunoon Dam within the Future Water Project 2060

eso man

To: General Manager, Rous County Council PO Box 230, Lismore NSW 2480

From:

Address:

Firstly, the community appreciates the submission extension. We also acknowledge the complexity of the work Rous does to provide water for our region.

I DO NOT support the proposed The Channon-Dunoon Dam for these reasons:

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  way to ensure supply-demand balance. By focussing on system efficiency, Sydney added an
  additional 950,000 people without a rise in consumption.<sup>(7)</sup>
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\_\_\_\_\_Date: 10/04/20

## Feedback Submission Re: Proposed Dunoon Dam within the Future Water Project 2060

General Manager, Rous County Council To: PO Box 230, Lismore NSW 2480

From:

EAN ANIEL Address:

Firstly, the community appreciates the submission extension. We also acknowledge the complexity of the work Rous does to provide water for our region.

### I DO NOT support the proposed The Channon-Dunoon Dam for these reasons:

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Kind regards, Signat

Date: 23/8/2020

## Feedback Submission Re: Proposed Dunoon Dam within the Future Water Project 2060

To:	General Manager, Rous County Council
	PO Box 230, Lismore NSW 2480

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Date: 6/9/20

# Feedback Submission Re: Proposed Dunoon Dam within the Future Water Project 2060

To: General Manager, Rous County Council PO Box 230, Lismore NSW 2480

From:	Roseanna	Brisbane	
Address:			

Firstly, the community appreciates the submission extension. We also acknowledge the complexity of the work Rous does to provide water for our region.

## I DO NOT support the proposed The Channon-Dunoon Dam for these reasons:

- Lost opportunity to invest in system-wide water efficiency. This is the cheapest & fastest
  way to ensure supply-demand balance. By focussing on system efficiency, Sydney added an
  additional 950,000 people without a rise in consumption.<sup>(1)</sup>
- The 21st century is about a suite of smart water options. This dam would be a lost opportunity to make our system fit for the 21st century by swallowing all resources in one big expensive 'white dinosaur' project.
- The dam would encourage continued inefficient and wasteful water management by local governments. They would have no incentive to do things differently.
- Destruction of important Indigenous cultural heritage, including burial sites.<sup>(2)</sup>
- Destruction of The Channon Gorge and its endangered ecological community of lowland rainforest, threatened flora and fauna species.<sup>(3)</sup> Rous's plan to offset the loss of rainforest on sandstone with regeneration of degraded land in the buffer zone is problematic as the type of vegetation offered as recompense is not equivalent.(Nan Nicholson, botanist) Councils are required under State planning regulations to: "Focus development to areas of least biodiversity sensitivity in the region and implement the 'avoid, minimise, offset' hierarchy to biodiversity, including areas of high environmental value."<sup>(4)</sup> Rous is required to avoid this destruction because there are economically viable and more effective solutions.
- Industrial/construction zone for The Channon/Dunoon community; noise, machinery, trucks, visual impact. Ongoing sound impact from pump house etc.
- Higher prices for consumers due to a 4x increase in the cost of water. Rous general manager, in response to a question from councillor Vanessa Ekins, said he expected a fourfold increase in the cost of supplying water if the dam is built.
- The small population increase predicted for the four Rous-supplied councils of 12,720<sup>(5)</sup> between 2020-2060 does not justify such a large and destructive dam. The dam risks diverting expenditure away from more sustainable, flexible and effective solutions.<sup>(5)</sup>

## I SUPPORT these alternatives:

We need a suite of smart water options and proven alternatives, not a huge new dam. The tide is turning on renewable and sustainable power. It is time for the tide to turn on how we meet our water needs too.

• An investment in system-wide water efficiency and strong demand management. Analysed, costed and deployed, creating jobs. (We understand Rous has not costed this in creating their future water plan) Existing research over the past decade consistently finds that the best 'bang-for-buck' investment in water supply comes from demand management and identifying savings within the existing supply.<sup>(6) (7)</sup>

- · Water re-use in various ways, including Purified Recycled Potable water. A wealth of global research and experience exists regarding potable reuse of water.(8) Eg: The city of Windhoek in Namibia has been using purified recycled water for 30 years using advanced technology.<sup>(9)</sup>
- Water harvesting (urban runoff; rain tanks): Water tanks on all new (and existing) developments. The Australian government advises that: "Depending on tank size and climate, mains water use can be reduced by up to 100%. This in turn can help; reduce the need for new dams or desalination plants; protect remaining environmental flows in rivers; reduce infrastructure operating costs."(10) Rainwater harvesting also decreases stormwater runoff, thereby helping to reduce local flooding and scouring of creeks.(11)
- Contingency planning would enable Rous to be ready to rapidly implement supply measures if it becomes necessary in times of drought.
- Groundwater, where this is environmentally safe. The Australian government provides a lot of information on the ecological impacts and groundwater usage.(12)

### **References and Notes**

- (1) Metropolitan Water Plan 2006, NSW Government. Exec Summary section of the doc https://www.dropbox.com/s/pu9898og6kocrph/NSW%20Govt%202006%20MWP%20summary.pdf?dl=0
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Date: 6/9/2020

# Feedback Submission Re: Proposed Dunoon Dam within the Future Water Project 2060

To: General Manager, Rous County Council PO Box 230, Lismore NSW 2480 From: Philip Pewindton Address:

Firstly, the community appreciates the submission extension. We also acknowledge the complexity of the work Rous does to provide water for our region.

I DO NOT support the proposed The Channon-Dunoon Dam for these reasons:

- Lost opportunity to invest in system-wide water efficiency. This is the cheapest & fastest
  way to ensure supply-demand balance. By focussing on system efficiency, Sydney added an
  additional 950,000 people without a rise in consumption.<sup>(1)</sup>
- The 21st century is about a suite of smart water options. This dam would be a lost
  opportunity to make our system fit for the 21st century by swallowing all resources in one big
  expensive 'white dinosaur' project.
- The dam would encourage continued inefficient and wasteful water management by local governments. They would have no incentive to do things differently.
- Destruction of important Indigenous cultural heritage, including burial sites.<sup>(2)</sup>
- Destruction of The Channon Gorge and its endangered ecological community of lowland rainforest, threatened flora and fauna species.<sup>(3)</sup> Rous's plan to offset the loss of rainforest on sandstone with regeneration of degraded land in the buffer zone is problematic as the type of vegetation offered as recompense is not equivalent.(Nan Nicholson, botanist) Councils are required under State planning regulations to: "Focus development to areas of least biodiversity sensitivity in the region and implement the 'avoid, minimise, offset' hierarchy to biodiversity, including areas of high environmental value."<sup>(4)</sup> Rous is required to *avoid* this destruction because there are economically viable and more effective solutions.
- Industrial/construction zone for The Channon/Dunoon community; noise, machinery, trucks, visual impact. Ongoing sound impact from pump house etc.
- Higher prices for consumers due to a 4x increase in the cost of water. Rous general
  manager, in response to a question from councillor Vanessa Ekins, said he expected a fourfold
  increase in the cost of supplying water if the dam is built.
- The small population increase predicted for the four Rous-supplied councils of 12,720<sup>(5)</sup> between 2020-2060 does not justify such a large and destructive dam. The dam risks diverting expenditure away from more sustainable, flexible and effective solutions.<sup>(5)</sup>

## I SUPPORT these alternatives:

We need a suite of smart water options and proven alternatives, not a huge new dam. The tide is turning on renewable and sustainable power. It is time for the tide to turn on how we meet our water needs too.

An investment in system-wide water efficiency and strong demand management. Analysed, costed and deployed, creating jobs. (We understand Rous has not costed this in creating their future water plan) Existing research over the past decade consistently finds that the best 'bang-for-buck' investment in water supply comes from demand management and identifying savings within the existing supply.<sup>(6) (7)</sup>

- Water re-use in various ways, including Purified Recycled Potable water. A wealth of global
  research and experience exists regarding potable reuse of water.<sup>(8)</sup> Eg: The city of Windhoek in
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- Contingency planning would enable Rous to be ready to rapidly implement supply measures if it becomes necessary in times of drought.
- Groundwater, where this is environmentally safe. The Australian government provides a lot of information on the ecological impacts and groundwater usage.<sup>(12)</sup>

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Kind regards, Signature: Date: 16/8/2020

# Feedback Submission Re: Proposed Dunoon Dam within the Future Water Project 2060

To: General Manager, Rous County Council PO Box 230, Lismore NSW 2480

From:	1	KAYq	Mag	nay		
Address:						

Firstly, the community appreciates the submission extension. We also acknowledge the complexity of the work Rous does to provide water for our region.

## I DO NOT support the proposed The Channon-Dunoon Dam for these reasons:

- Lost opportunity to invest in system-wide water efficiency. This is the cheapest & fastest way to ensure supply-demand balance. By focussing on system efficiency, Sydney added an additional 950,000 people without a rise in consumption.<sup>(1)</sup>
- The 21st century is about a suite of smart water options. This dam would be a lost
  opportunity to make our system fit for the 21st century by swallowing all resources in one big
  expensive 'white dinosaur' project.
- The dam would encourage continued inefficient and wasteful water management by local governments. They would have no incentive to do things differently.
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  manager, in response to a question from councillor Vanessa Ekins, said he expected a fourfold
  increase in the cost of supplying water if the dam is built.
- The small population increase predicted for the four Rous-supplied councils of 12,720<sup>(6)</sup> between 2020-2060 does not justify such a large and destructive dam. The dam risks diverting expenditure away from more sustainable, flexible and effective solutions.<sup>(5)</sup>

## SUPPORT these alternatives:

We need a suite of smart water options and proven alternatives, not a huge new dam. The tide is turning on renewable and sustainable power. It is time for the tide to turn on how we meet our water needs too.

• An investment in system-wide water efficiency and strong demand management. Analysed, costed and deployed, creating jobs. (We understand Rous has not costed this in creating their future water plan) Existing research over the past decade consistently finds that the best 'bang-for-buck' investment in water supply comes from demand management and identifying savings within the existing supply.<sup>(6) (7)</sup>

- Water re-use in various ways, including Purified Recycled Potable water. A wealth of global research and experience exists regarding potable reuse of water.<sup>(#)</sup> Eg: The city of Windhoek in Namibia has been using purified recycled water for 30 years using advanced technology.<sup>(9)</sup>
- Water harvesting (urban runoff; rain tanks): Water tanks on all new (and existing) developments. The Australian government advises that: "Depending on tank size and climate, mains water use can be reduced by up to 100%. This in turn can help: reduce the need for new dams or desalination plants; protect remaining environmental flows in rivers; reduce infrastructure operating costs."<sup>(10)</sup> Rainwater harvesting also decreases stormwater runoff, thereby helping to reduce local flooding and scouring of creeks.<sup>(11)</sup>
- Contingency planning would enable Rous to be ready to rapidly implement supply measures if it becomes necessary in times of drought.
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## Feedback Submission Re: Proposed Dunoon Dam within the Future Water Project 2060

To: General Manager, Rous County Council PO Box 230, Lismore NSW 2480

From:	Nicholas	Young	
Address:			-

Firstly, the community appreciates the submission extension. We also acknowledge the complexity of the work Rous does to provide water for our region.

## I DO NOT support the proposed The Channon-Dunoon Dam for these reasons:

- Lost opportunity to invest in system-wide water efficiency. This is the cheapest & fastest way to ensure supply-demand balance. By focussing on system efficiency, Sydney added an additional 950,000 people without a rise in consumption.<sup>(1)</sup>
- The 21st century is about a suite of smart water options. This dam would be a lost opportunity to make our system fit for the 21st century by swallowing all resources in one big expensive 'white dinosaur' project.
- The dam would encourage continued inefficient and wasteful water management by local governments. They would have no incentive to do things differently.
- Destruction of important Indigenous cultural heritage, including burial sites.<sup>(2)</sup>
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- Industrial/construction zone for The Channon/Dunoon community; noise, machinery, trucks, visual impact. Ongoing sound impact from pump house etc.
- Higher prices for consumers due to a 4x increase in the cost of water. Rous general manager, in response to a question from councillor Vanessa Ekins, said he expected a fourfold increase in the cost of supplying water if the dam is built.
- The small population increase predicted for the four Rous-supplied councils of 12,720<sup>(5)</sup> between 2020-2060 does not justify such a large and destructive dam. The dam risks diverting expenditure away from more sustainable, flexible and effective solutions.<sup>(5)</sup>

### I SUPPORT these alternatives:

We need a suite of smart water options and proven alternatives, not a huge new dam. The tide is turning on renewable and sustainable power. It is time for the tide to turn on how we meet our water needs too.

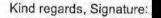
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Date: 6/8/20

### Feedback Submission Re: Proposed Dunoon Dam within the Future Water Project 2060

General Manager, Rous County Council To: PO Box 230, Lismore NSW 2480

From:

John manslow Address:

Firstly, the community appreciates the submission extension. We also acknowledge the complexity of the work Rous does to provide water for our region.

### DO NOT support the proposed The Channon-Dunoon Dam for these reasons:

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- (6) The Rous Regional Water Efficiency Program 1997, Final report of the Rous Regional Demand Management Strategy : preferred options, Rous County Council, Lismore.
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Kind rega

Date 23-8-2020

## Feedback Submission Re: Proposed Dunoon Dam within the Future Water Project 2060

To:	General Manager, Rous County Council PO Box 230, Lismore NSW 2480	
From: Addre	Stuart Browne	
- auto		

Firstly, the community appreciates the submission extension. We also acknowledge the complexity of the work Rous does to provide water for our region.

DO NOT support the proposed The Channon-Dunoon Dam for these reasons:

- Lost opportunity to invest in system-wide water efficiency. This is the cheapest & fastest
  way to ensure supply-demand balance. By focussing on system efficiency, Sydney added an
  additional 950,000 people without a rise in consumption.<sup>(1)</sup>
- The 21st century is about a suite of smart water options. This dam would be a lost
  opportunity to make our system fit for the 21st century by swallowing all resources in one big
  expensive 'white dinosaur' project.
- The dam would encourage continued inefficient and wasteful water management by local governments. They would have no incentive to do things differently.
- Destruction of important Indigenous cultural heritage, including burial sites.<sup>(2)</sup>
- Destruction of The Channon Gorge and its endangered ecological community of lowland rainforest, threatened flora and fauna species.<sup>(3)</sup> Rous's plan to offset the loss of rainforest on sandstone with regeneration of degraded land in the buffer zone is problematic as the type of vegetation offered as recompense is not equivalent.(Nan Nicholson, botanist) Councils are required under State planning regulations to: "Focus development to areas of least biodiversity sensitivity in the region and implement the 'avoid, minimise, offset' hierarchy to biodiversity, including areas of high environmental value."<sup>(4)</sup> Rous is required to **avoid** this destruction because there are economically viable and more effective solutions.
- Industrial/construction zone for The Channon/Dunoon community; noise, machinery, trucks, visual impact. Ongoing sound impact from pump house etc.
- Higher prices for consumers due to a 4x increase in the cost of water. Rous general
  manager, in response to a question from councillor Vanessa Ekins, said he expected a fourfold
  increase in the cost of supplying water if the dam is built.
- The small population increase predicted for the four Rous-supplied councils of 12,720<sup>(5)</sup> between 2020-2060 does not justify such a large and destructive dam. The dam risks diverting expenditure away from more sustainable, flexible and effective solutions.<sup>(5)</sup>

### **I SUPPORT these alternatives:**

We need a suite of smart water options and proven alternatives, not a huge new dam. The tide is turning on renewable and sustainable power. It is time for the tide to turn on how we meet our water needs too.

• An investment in system-wide water efficiency and strong demand management. Analysed, costed and deployed, creating jobs. (We understand Rous has not costed this in creating their future water plan) Existing research over the past decade consistently finds that the best 'bang-for-buck' investment in water supply comes from demand management and identifying savings within the existing supply.<sup>(6)</sup> (7)

- Water re-use in various ways, including Purified Recycled Potable water. A wealth of global research and experience exists regarding potable reuse of water.<sup>(8)</sup> Eg: The city of Windhoek in Namibia has been using purified recycled water for 30 years using advanced technology.<sup>(9)</sup>
- Water harvesting (urban runoff; rain tanks): Water tanks on all new (and existing) developments. The Australian government advises that: "Depending on tank size and climate, mains water use can be reduced by up to 100%. This in turn can help: reduce the need for new dams or desalination plants; protect remaining environmental flows in rivers; reduce infrastructure operating costs."<sup>(10)</sup> Rainwater harvesting also decreases stormwater runoff, thereby helping to reduce local flooding and scouring of creeks.<sup>(11)</sup>
- Contingency planning would enable Rous to be ready to rapidly implement supply measures if it becomes necessary in times of drought.
- Groundwater, where this is environmentally safe. The Australian government provides a lot of information on the ecological impacts and groundwater usage.<sup>(12)</sup>

### **References and Notes**

- (1) Metropolitan Water Plan 2006, NSW Government. Exec Summary section of the doc https://www.dropbox.com/s/pu9898oq6kocrph/NSW%20Govt%202006%20MWP%20summary.pdf?dl=0
- (2) Ainsworth Heritage, Cultural Heritage Impact Assessment, 2011
- (3) SMEC Australia, Terrestrial Ecology Impact Assessment, 2011
- (4) NSW Department of Planning, Industry and Environment 2019, 'Delivering the plan', Sydney, viewed 03 August 2020 < <u>https://www.planning.nsw.gov.au/Plans-for-your-area/Regional-Plans/North-Coast/Delivering-the-plan</u> > , Direction 2: Enhance biodiversity coastal and aquatic habitats and water catchments.
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Date: 23/8/2020

Received over the counter 8 SEP 2020

To: General Manager Rous County Council PO Box 230 Lismore NSW 2480

From:	Hugh	Munro	0
Address:			
Date:	9/8/	020	

Re: the proposed Channon/Dunoon Dam within the Future Water Project 2060.

# I DO NOT support the proposed The Channon-Dunoon Dam for these reasons:

- Destruction of important Indigenous Cultural Heritage, including burial sites (Cultural Heritage Impact Assessment, 2011). Ongoing disregard for First Nations sacred sites and culture.
- Destruction of The Channon Gorge and its Endangered Ecological Community of Lowland Rainforest (including the regionally rare warm temperate rainforest on sandstone), and its threatened species of flora and fauna. (Terrestrial Ecology Impact Assessment, 2011).

Rous is planning to offset the loss of rainforest on sandstone with regeneration of degraded land in the buffer zone. Offsetting is a worthless exercise because the type of vegetation offered as recompense is never equivalent. This is worse than most. (Nan Nicholson, botanist)

- Industrial/construction zone for years for The Channon/Dunoon community; noise pollution; large trucks/machinery on our roads; visual impact. Ongoing sound impact from pump house etc.
- Water prices will increase by 4x current cost (or higher if dam budget blows out) (Rous)
- Promotes accelerated population growth in the Northern Rivers. I'm concerned the Dam is being framed as 'water security' to the local population, yet to further afield it is being framed as a development plan for acceleration of growth. I'm concerned the model that predicted the population did not take into account the actual dam's effect on growth. This framing is concerning to me: "Everyone needs to understand this Regional development plan which is "focused on *unlocking the potential* of one of Australia's most beautiful places. The North Coast will become the best region in Australia to live, work and play". From planning document:

https://www.planning.nsw.gov.au/Plans-for-your-area/Regional-Plans/North-Coast/ Delivering-the-plan<sup>(1)</sup>

· Continued focus on old strategies to solve water security & economic needs.

- The entire modelling and the strategy recommendations were made pre-COVID19, and are no longer economically or demographically valid. COVID has also shown us we need to be able to pivot quickly and flexibly - something this massive 'single solution' won't do.
- The tiny population increase for the four Rous supplied councils of only 12,720<sup>(2)</sup> people between 2020-2060 does not justify such a large and destructive dam. It risks being an expensive white elephant, diverting money away from more needed and effective solutions.
- It is likely to create division and conflict within our communities after suffering flood, drought and an extreme fire season. What we need are resilience and community building solutions.

# SUPPORT these alternatives:

I believe we need to take action on a suite of smart water options and proven alternatives.

The tide is turning on renewable and sustainable power. It is time for the tide to turn on how we meet our water needs too. This is 21st century thinking.

# Strong Demand Management

Existing research over the past decade consistently finds that the best 'bang-for-buck' investment in water supply comes from demand management and identifying savings within the existing supply.<sup>(3) (4)</sup>

# Purified Recycled Water

A wealth of global research and experience already exists regarding potable reuse of water as set out in the Australian report, *Potable Water Reuse: What can Australia learn from global experience?* 

https://www.waterra.com.au/publications/document-search/?download=1806 (5)

Example: The city of Windhoek has been using Purified Recycled Water for 30yrs using advanced technology.

https://www.wingoc.com.na/our-history (6)

• Water tanks on all new (and existing) developments<sup>(7)</sup> This builds community resilience - much needed as the example of the extreme bushfire season has shown up.

The Australian government advises that:

Depending on tank size and climate, mains water use can be reduced by up to 100%. This in turn can help:

- \* reduce the need for new dams or desalination plants
- \* protect remaining environmental flows in rivers

\* reduce infrastructure operating costs.

Rainwater harvesting also decreases stormwater runoff, thereby helping to reduce local flooding and scouring of creeks.<sup>(8)</sup> <u>https://www.yourhome.gov.au/water/rainwater</u>

· Groundwater, where this is environmentally safe

The Australian government provides a lot of information on ecological impacts and groundwater usage.<sup>(9)</sup>

https://www.environment.gov.au/water/publications/what-are-the-ecological-impacts-ofgroundwater-drawdown

With scalable alternatives in place for supply, the existing Rocky Ck Dam supply component will be made resilient to anticipated times of drought and projected population growth, without the environmental destruction, social costs, and the over-capitalisation risk of an outsized dam.

## **References and Notes**

- NSW Department of Planning, Industry and Environment 2019, 'Delivering the plan', Sydney, viewed 03 August 2020, <a href="https://www.planning.nsw.gov.au/Plans-for-your-area/Regional-Plans/North-Coast/Delivering-the-plan">https://www.planning.nsw.gov.au/Plans-for-your-area/Regional-Plans/North-Coast/Delivering-the-plan</a>>
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Kind Regards,

Received over the counter 8 SEP 2020

To:	General Manager				
	<b>Rous County Council</b>				
	PO Box 230				
	Lismore NSW 2480				

From:	Ros	hokohhc	2
Address:			
Date:	94h	AUC. '20	

Re: the proposed Channon/Dunoon Dam within the Future Water Project 2060.

# I DO NOT support the proposed The Channon-Dunoon Dam for these reasons:

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- Destruction of The Channon Gorge and its Endangered Ecological Community of Lowland Rainforest (including the regionally rare warm temperate rainforest on sandstone), and its threatened species of flora and fauna. (Terrestrial Ecology Impact Assessment, 2011).

Rous is planning to offset the loss of rainforest on sandstone with regeneration of degraded land in the buffer zone. Offsetting is a worthless exercise because the type of vegetation offered as recompense is never equivalent. This is worse than most. (Nan Nicholson, botanist)

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- Promotes accelerated population growth in the Northern Rivers. I'm concerned the Dam is being framed as 'water security' to the local population, yet to further afield it is being framed as a development plan for acceleration of growth. I'm concerned the model that predicted the population did not take into account the actual dam's effect on growth. This framing is concerning to me: "Everyone needs to understand this Regional development plan which is "focused on *unlocking the potential* of one of Australia's most beautiful places. The North Coast will become the best region in Australia to live, work and play". From planning document:

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· Continued focus on old strategies to solve water security & economic needs.

- The entire modelling and the strategy recommendations were made pre-COVID19, and are no longer economically or demographically valid. COVID has also shown us we need to be able to pivot quickly and flexibly - something this massive 'single solution' won't do.
- The tiny population increase for the four Rous supplied councils of only 12,720<sup>(2)</sup> people between 2020-2060 does not justify such a large and destructive dam. It risks being an expensive white elephant, diverting money away from more needed and effective solutions.
- It is likely to create division and conflict within our communities after suffering flood, drought and an extreme fire season. What we need are resilience and community building solutions.

# I SUPPORT these alternatives:

I believe we need to take action on a suite of smart water options and proven alternatives.

The tide is turning on renewable and sustainable power. It is time for the tide to turn on how we meet our water needs too. This is 21st century thinking.

# Strong Demand Management

Existing research over the past decade consistently finds that the best 'bang-for-buck' investment in water supply comes from demand management and identifying savings within the existing supply.<sup>(3) (4)</sup>



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A wealth of global research and experience already exists regarding potable reuse of water as set out in the Australian report, *Potable Water Reuse: What can Australia learn from global experience?* 

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- \* reduce the need for new dams or desalination plants
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Rainwater harvesting also decreases stormwater runoff, thereby helping to reduce local flooding and scouring of creeks.<sup>(8)</sup> <u>https://www.yourhome.gov.au/water/rainwater</u>

# Groundwater, where this is environmentally safe

The Australian government provides a lot of information on ecological impacts and groundwater usage.<sup>(9)</sup>

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With scalable alternatives in place for supply, the existing Rocky Ck Dam supply component will be made resilient to anticipated times of drought and projected population growth, without the environmental destruction, social costs, and the over-capitalisation risk of an outsized dam.

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Kind Regards,

Received over the counter 8 SEP 2020

To: General Manager Rous County Council PO Box 230 Lismore NSW 2480

From:	Rodni Kisar	
Address:		
Date:	9/8/20	

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Kind Regards,

4				9 CCC
			•	8 SEP 2020
To:	General Manager			
	Rous County Council			
	PO Box 230	*:		
	Lismore NSW 2480			
	c	~		
From	n: Sam	Stevenson		
Add	ress:			
	alala	020		
Date	e: <u>4/8/2</u>	0 20		

Re: the proposed Channon/Dunoon Dam within the Future Water Project 2060.

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# I SUPPORT these alternatives:

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Kind Regards,

Received over the counter

8 SEP 2020

To: General Manager Rous County Council PO Box 230 Lismore NSW 2480

From:	Kirsten Salisbury	
Address:		
Date:	9/8/2020	

Re: the proposed Channon/Dunoon Dam within the Future Water Project 2060.

# I DO NOT support the proposed The Channon-Dunoon Dam for these reasons:

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Kind Regards,

					Received over the counter
					8 SEP 2020
To:	General Manager			Date: _	9-9-20
	Rous County Council PO Box 230				
	Lismore NSW 2480				
From:	Nalcola	Abdullah	Vusot		
Addre					
	Re: The proposed Ch	annon/Dunoon Da	am within th	e Future	Water Project 2060

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### Extra notes/Comments:

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Kind regards,				
Signature:	-			

Received over the counter 8 SEP 2020

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To:	General Manager	Date: 7,0	3. 2020
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	PO Box 230		
	Lismore NSW 2480		
From: Addre		okangas	

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 <u>https://www.environment.gov.au/water/publications/what-are-the-ecological-impacts-of-groundwater</u>

er-drawdown

With scalable alternatives in place for supply, the existing Rocky Ck Dam supply component will be made resilient to anticipated times of drought and projected population growth, without the environmental destruction, social costs, and the over-capitalisation risk of an outsized dam.

#### **References and Notes**

(1) NSW Department of Planning, Industry and Environment 2019, 'Delivering the plan', Sydney, viewed 03 August 2020,

<https://www.planning.nsw.gov.au/Plans-for-your-area/Regional-Plans/North-Coast/Delivering-the -olan>

- (2) NSW Department of Planning, Industry and Environment 2019, 'NSW population projections', Sydney, viewed 03 August 2020,
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Extra notes/Comments:

Kind regards,		
Signature:		

Received over the counter 8 SEP 2020

### Feedback Submission Re: Proposed Dunoon Dam within the Future Water Project 2060

To: General Manager, Rous County Council PO Box 230, Lismore NSW 2480

RANT LAUREL From: Address:

Firstly, the community appreciates the submission extension. We also acknowledge the complexity of the work Rous does to provide water for our region.

I DO NOT support the proposed The Channon-Dunoon Dam for these reasons:

- Lost opportunity to invest in system-wide water efficiency. This is the cheapest & fastest
  way to ensure supply-demand balance. By focussing on system efficiency, Sydney added an
  additional 950,000 people without a rise in consumption.<sup>(1)</sup>
- The 21st century is about a suite of smart water options. This dam would be a lost
  opportunity to make our system fit for the 21st century by swallowing all resources in one big
  expensive 'white dinosaur' project.
- The dam would encourage continued inefficient and wasteful water management by local governments. They would have no incentive to do things differently.
- Destruction of important Indigenous cultural heritage, including burial sites.<sup>(2)</sup>
- Destruction of The Channon Gorge and its endangered ecological community of lowland rainforest, threatened flora and fauna species.<sup>(3)</sup> Rous's plan to offset the loss of rainforest on sandstone with regeneration of degraded land in the buffer zone is problematic as the type of vegetation offered as recompense is not equivalent.(Nan Nicholson, botanist) Councils are required under State planning regulations to: "Focus development to areas of least biodiversity sensitivity in the region and implement the 'avoid, minimise, offset' hierarchy to biodiversity, including areas of high environmental value."<sup>(4)</sup> Rous is required to *avoid* this destruction because there are economically viable and more effective solutions.
- Industrial/construction zone for The Channon/Dunoon community; noise, machinery, trucks, visual impact. Ongoing sound impact from pump house etc.
- Higher prices for consumers due to a 4x increase in the cost of water. Rous general
  manager, in response to a question from councillor Vanessa Ekins, said he expected a fourfold
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- The small population increase predicted for the four Rous-supplied councils of 12,720<sup>(5)</sup> between 2020-2060 does not justify such a large and destructive dam. The dam risks diverting expenditure away from more sustainable, flexible and effective solutions.<sup>(5)</sup>

### I SUPPORT these alternatives:

We need a suite of smart water options and proven alternatives, not a huge new dam. The tide is turning on renewable and sustainable power. It is time for the tide to turn on how we meet our water needs too.

• An investment in system-wide water efficiency and strong demand management. Analysed, costed and deployed, creating jobs. (We understand Rous has not costed this in creating their future water plan) Existing research over the past decade consistently finds that the best 'bang-for-buck' investment in water supply comes from demand management and identifying savings within the existing supply.<sup>(6) (7)</sup>

- Water re-use in various ways, including Purified Recycled Potable water. A wealth of global research and experience exists regarding potable reuse of water.<sup>(8)</sup> Eg: The city of Windhoek in Namibia has been using purified recycled water for 30 years using advanced technology.<sup>(9)</sup>
- Water harvesting (urban runoff; rain tanks): Water tanks on all new (and existing) developments. The Australian government advises that: "Depending on tank size and climate, mains water use can be reduced by up to 100%. This in turn can help: reduce the need for new dams or desalination plants; protect remaining environmental flows in rivers; reduce infrastructure operating costs."<sup>(10)</sup> Rainwater harvesting also decreases stormwater runoff, thereby helping to reduce local flooding and scouring of creeks.<sup>(11)</sup>
- Contingency planning would enable Rous to be ready to rapidly implement supply measures if it becomes necessary in times of drought.
- Groundwater, where this is environmentally safe. The Australian government provides a lot of information on the ecological impacts and groundwater usage.<sup>(12)</sup>

With scalable supply alternatives in place, the existing supply from Rocky Ck Dam will be made resilient to anticipated times of drought and projected population growth, without the environmental destruction, social costs, and the over-capitalisation risk of an outsized and unnecessary dam.

#### **References and Notes**

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\_\_\_\_\_ Date: 16 ( 8 2020

Kind regards, Signature:

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Kind regards, Signature:

Date: 38 8 30 -

Rous County Council Lismore NSW 2480 council@rous.nsw.gov.au

Dear Rous County Council Councillors and General Manager

### Re: The Future Water Project 2060

Thank you for the opportunity to provide comment on The Future Water Project 2060, and for the extension of the submission date. Rous County Council plays a critical role in providing water, biosecurity and flood mitigation services to our community and I acknowledge the hard work of its staff in protecting our environment and community. I also acknowledge the difficulty of charting a path forward for our water use, especially in such an uncertain climate (climate crisis, social change, COVID etc), and with options limited by politics and money.

For the past 10 years I have worked locally in the Natural Resource Management, Sustainable Agriculture and Community Engagement field, currently as a Landcare Coordinator & project manager. Having completed my Bachelor of Applied Science (Environmental Resource Management/Coastal Management) here at Southern Cross University, and undertaken additional training through TAFE in Conservation Land Management and Community Engagement, I am familiar with the local community and the environment on which it depends. I spend my weekends volunteering with non-profit Landcare groups, and bushwalking through this beautiful region.

I do not support The Future Water Project 2060's proposed 'KEY ACTION 2 - AUGMENTATION TO MEET LONG-TERM DEMAND NEEDS: New 50 Gigalitre (GL) Dunoon Dam' for the following reasons.

- Lost opportunity to invest in system-wide water efficiency this is the cheapest & fastest way to ensure supply-demand balance. By focussing on system efficiency, Sydney added an additional 950,000 people without a rise in consumption. (Metropolitan Water Plan 2006, NSW Government)<sup>(1)</sup>
- In the 21st century, we are capable of managing a suite of smart water options. This dam would be a lost opportunity to make our system fit for the 21st century. It would swallow all resources in one big expensive project, representing out-dated thinking and installing systems ill-matched to the changing climate and social expectations of our region.
- The dam would encourage continued inefficient and often wasteful water management by local governments and top 20 water users. They would have no incentive to do things differently.
- Destruction of important Indigenous cultural heritage, including burial sites (Cultural Heritage Impact Assessment, 2011)<sup>(2)</sup>. Ongoing disregard for First Nations' heritage.
- Destruction of The Channon Gorge and its endangered ecological community of lowland rainforest (including regionally rare warm temperate rainforest on sandstone), and its threatened flora and fauna species. (Terrestrial Ecology Impact Assessment, 2011)<sup>(3)</sup>.
- Rous is planning to offset the loss of rainforest on sandstone with regeneration of degraded land in the buffer zone. Offsetting is problematic because the type of vegetation offered as recompense is never equivalent. This example is worse than most. (Nan Nicholson, botanist)
- Councils are required under State planning regulations to: "Focus development to areas of least biodiversity sensitivity in the region and implement the 'avoid, minimise, offset'

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- Catastrophic flooding downstream in worst floods, particularly for the first 3 kilometres below. (Environmental Flows Assessment 2011)<sup>(6)</sup>. The river reach below is currently the site of significant community effort in restoring the riparian zone by both Whian Whian Landcare and Tuntable Creek Landcare
- Potential for a big dam to drive unneeded population growth, as the government attempts to gain value from an otherwise unnecessary, and stranded, asset.

Further, I am sceptical as to the wisdom of the use of the Alstonville Groundwater Aquifer as part of KEY ACTION 1 - AUGMENTATION TO MEET SHORT-TO-MEDIUM-TERM DEMAND NEEDS. I understand that our current knowledge of this precious ground water supply suggests that it is fully allocated and under stress. Further extraction from this Aquifer may significantly compromise the existing industry and natural ecosystems on what is some of the most productive capacity soil in the country.

Rather than dams and unsustainable groundwater extraction, I support alternatives that increase efficiency and minimise environmental impact. The Northern Rivers of NSW is renowned for it's clean, green and forward-thinking community. We have the opportunity to lead investment in a range of sustainable water systems that would protect our local environment and enable the region to become internationally recognised for its commitment to sustainable water management.

I support alternative options for our Future Water supply such as those listed below. I believe there is no silver bullet, but rather we need to work on multiple fronts to implement many solutions to ensure ongoing water security.

- An investment in system-wide water efficiency and strong demand management.
  - This should be analysed, costed and deployed, creating jobs. I understand Rous has not costed this in creating their future water plan. By working with the already identified top 20 users to improve their water efficiency, we would significantly manage demand across the region.
  - Existing research over the past decade consistently finds that the best 'bang-forbuck' investment in water supply comes from demand management and identifying savings within the existing supply. (7) (8)

- Professor Stuart White from UTS has provided a detailed and costed proposal "The Rous Sustainable Water Program" which shows exactly how and why system-wide optimisation of water use is possible and economical. In comparison, the proposed dam is simply financially, environmentally and socially irresponsible.(9) (Stuart White, 2020 www.bit.ly/Prof-Stuart-White-Rous-slides )
- Water re-use in various ways, including Purified Recycled Potable water.
  - A wealth of global research and experience already exists regarding potable reuse of water as set out in Water Research Australia's report, Potable Water Reuse: What can Australia learn from global experience? <u>https://www.waterra.com.au/publications/document-search/?download=1806</u> (9)
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- Water harvesting (urban runoff; rain tanks):
  - Water tanks on all new (and existing) developments. (11) This builds community resilience much needed, as the recent extreme bushfire season has shown.
  - Rainwater tanks installed on public-use and large buildings including schools, offices, and shopping centres
  - The Australian government advises that: "Depending on tank size and climate, mains water use can be reduced by up to 100%. This in turn can help: reduce the need for new dams or desalination plants; protect remaining environmental flows in rivers; reduce infrastructure operating costs."
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With scalable supply alternatives in place, the existing supply from Rocky Ck Dam will be made resilient to anticipated times of drought and projected population growth, without the environmental destruction, social costs, and the over-capitalisation risk of an outsized and unnecessary dam or extraction from a finite aquifer.

Yours sincerely,



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## Feedback Submission Re: Proposed Dunoon Dam within the Future Water Project 2060

To: General Manager, Rous County Council PO Box 230, Lismore NSW 2480

From:	 RANJOLP4	Los	1 - Lond	
Address:				
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Firstly, the community appreciates the submission extension. We also acknowledge the complexity of the work Rous does to provide water for our region.

### I DO NOT support the proposed The Channon-Dunoon Dam for these reasons:

- Lost opportunity to invest in system-wide water efficiency. This is the cheapest & fastest
  way to ensure supply-demand balance. By focussing on system efficiency, Sydney added an
  additional 950,000 people without a rise in consumption.<sup>(1)</sup>
- The 21st century is about a suite of smart water options. This dam would be a lost
  opportunity to make our system fit for the 21st century by swallowing all resources in one big
  expensive 'white dinosaur' project.
- The dam would encourage continued inefficient and wasteful water management by local governments. They would have no incentive to do things differently.
- Destruction of important Indigenous cultural heritage, including burial sites.<sup>(2)</sup>
- Destruction of The Channon Gorge and its endangered ecological community of lowland rainforest, threatened flora and fauna species.<sup>(3)</sup> Rous's plan to offset the loss of rainforest on sandstone with regeneration of degraded land in the buffer zone is problematic as the type of vegetation offered as recompense is not equivalent.(Nan Nicholson, botanist) Councils are required under State planning regulations to: "Focus development to areas of least biodiversity sensitivity in the region and implement the 'avoid, minimise, offset' hierarchy to biodiversity, including areas of high environmental value."<sup>(4)</sup> Rous is required to avoid this destruction because there are economically viable and more effective solutions.
- Industrial/construction zone for The Channon/Dunoon community; noise, machinery, trucks, visual impact. Ongoing sound impact from pump house etc.
- Higher prices for consumers due to a 4x increase in the cost of water. Rous general
  manager, in response to a question from councillor Vanessa Ekins, said he expected a fourfold
  increase in the cost of supplying water if the dam is built.
- The small population increase predicted for the four Rous-supplied councils of 12,720<sup>(5)</sup> between 2020-2060 does not justify such a large and destructive dam. The dam risks diverting expenditure away from more sustainable, flexible and effective solutions.<sup>(5)</sup>

#### I SUPPORT these alternatives:

We need a suite of smart water options and proven alternatives, not a huge new dam. The tide is turning on renewable and sustainable power. It is time for the tide to turn on how we meet our water needs too.

An investment in system-wide water efficiency and strong demand management. Analysed, costed and deployed, creating jobs. (We understand Rous has not costed this in creating their future water plan) Existing research over the past decade consistently finds that the best 'bang-for-buck' investment in water supply comes from demand management and identifying savings within the existing supply.<sup>(6) (7)</sup>

- Water re-use in various ways, including Purified Recycled Potable water. A wealth of global research and experience exists regarding potable reuse of water.<sup>(8)</sup> Eg: The city of Windhoek in Namibia has been using purified recycled water for 30 years using advanced technology.<sup>(9)</sup>
- Water harvesting (urban runoff; rain tanks): Water tanks on all new (and existing) developments. The Australian government advises that: "Depending on tank size and climate, mains water use can be reduced by up to 100%. This in turn can help: reduce the need for new dams or desalination plants; protect remaining environmental flows in rivers; reduce infrastructure operating costs."<sup>(10)</sup> Rainwater harvesting also decreases stormwater runoff, thereby helping to reduce local flooding and scouring of creeks.<sup>(11)</sup>
- Contingency planning would enable Rous to be ready to rapidly implement supply measures if it becomes necessary in times of drought.
- Groundwater, where this is environmentally safe. The Australian government provides a lot of information on the ecological impacts and groundwater usage.<sup>(12)</sup>

With scalable supply alternatives in place, the existing supply from Rocky Ck Dam will be made resilient to anticipated times of drought and projected population growth, without the environmental destruction, social costs, and the over-capitalisation risk of an outsized and unnecessary dam.

#### **References and Notes**

- (1) Metropolitan Water Plan 2006, NSW Government. Exec Summary section of the doc https://www.dropbox.com/s/pu9898oq6kocrph/NSW%20Govt%202006%20MWP%20summary.pdf?dl=0
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Kind regards, Signature:

819/20 Date:

Received over the counter 8 SEP 2020

## Feedback Submission Re: Proposed Dunoon Dam within the Future Water Project 2060

To: General Manager, Rous County Council PO Box 230, Lismore NSW 2480

From:	Sahar	Salahshori	
Address:	T		
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Kind regards, Signature

8 SEP 2020

### Feedback Submission Re: Proposed Dunoon Dam within the Future Water Project 2060

To: General Manager, Rous County Council PO Box 230, Lismore NSW 2480

From: MARK COSTER Address:

Firstly, the community appreciates the submission extension. We also acknowledge the complexity of the work Rous does to provide water for our region.

I DO NOT support the proposed The Channon-Dunoon Dam for these reasons:

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Date: 16/3/20.

Kind regards, Signature:

# Feedback Submission Re: Proposed Dunoon Dam within the Future Water Project 2060

)ME

General Manager, Rous County Council To: PO Box 230, Lismore NSW 2480

From: Address:

Firstly, the community appreciates the submission extension. We also acknowledge the complexity of the work Rous does to provide water for our region.

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To: General Manager, Rous County Council PO Box 230, Lismore NSW 2480

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Address:

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- The small population increase predicted for the four Rous-supplied councils of 12,720<sup>(5)</sup> between 2020-2060 does not justify such a large and destructive dam. The dam risks diverting expenditure away from more sustainable, flexible and effective solutions.<sup>(5)</sup>

#### I SUPPORT these alternatives:

0.6

We need a suite of smart water options and proven alternatives, not a huge new dam. The tide is turning on renewable and sustainable power. It is time for the tide to turn on how we meet our water needs too.

• An investment in system-wide water efficiency and strong demand management. Analysed, costed and deployed, creating jobs. (We understand Rous has not costed this in creating their future water plan) Existing research over the past decade consistently finds that the best 'bang-for-buck' investment in water supply comes from demand management and identifying savings within the existing supply.<sup>(6) (7)</sup>

- Water re-use in various ways, including Purified Recycled Potable water. A wealth of global research and experience exists regarding potable reuse of water.<sup>(a)</sup> Eg: The city of Windhoek in Namibia has been using purified recycled water for 30 years using advanced technology.<sup>(9)</sup>
- Water harvesting (urban runoff; rain tanks):
   Water tanks on all new (and existing) developments. The Australian government advises that:
   "Depending on tank size and climate, mains water use can be reduced by up to 100%. This in turn can help: reduce the need for new dams or desalination plants; protect remaining environmental flows in rivers; reduce infrastructure operating costs."<sup>(10)</sup> Rainwater harvesting also decreases stormwater runoff, thereby helping to reduce local flooding and scouring of creeks.<sup>(11)</sup>
- Contingency planning would enable Rous to be ready to rapidly implement supply measures if it becomes necessary in times of drought.
- Groundwater, where this is environmentally safe. The Australian government provides a lot of information on the ecological impacts and groundwater usage.<sup>(12)</sup>

#### **References and Notes**

- (1) Metropolitan Water Plan 2006, NSW Government. Exec Summary section of the doc https://www.dropbox.com/s/pu9898og6kocrph/NSW%20Govt%202006%20MWP%20summary.pdf?dl=0
- (2) Ainsworth Heritage, Cultural Heritage Impact Assessment, 2011
- (3) SMEC Australia, Terrestrial Ecology Impact Assessment, 2011
- (4) NSW Department of Planning, Industry and Environment 2019, 'Delivering the plan', Sydney, viewed 03 August 2020 < <u>https://www.planning.nsw.gov.au/Plans-for-your-arca/Regional-Plans/North-Coast/Delivering-the-plan</u> > , Direction 2: Enhance biodiversity coastal and aquatic habitats and water catchments.
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Kind regards, Signature:

### Feedback Submission Re: Proposed Dunoon Dam within the Future Water Project 2060

To:	General Manager, Rous Counct PO Box 230, Lismore NSW 2480
From: Addre	

Firstly, the community appreciates the submission extension. We also acknowledge the complexity of the work Rous does to provide water for our region.

### I DO NOT support the proposed The Channon-Dunoon Dam for these reasons:

- Lost opportunity to invest in system-wide water efficiency. This is the cheapest & fastest
  way to ensure supply-demand balance. By focussing on system efficiency, Sydney added an
  additional 950,000 people without a rise in consumption.<sup>(1)</sup>
- The 21st century is about a suite of smart water options. This dam would be a lost
  opportunity to make our system fit for the 21st century by swallowing all resources in one big
  expensive 'white dinosaur' project.
- The dam would encourage continued inefficient and wasteful water management by local governments. They would have no incentive to do things differently.
- Destruction of important Indigenous cultural heritage, including burial sites.<sup>(2)</sup>
- Destruction of The Channon Gorge and its endangered ecological community of lowland rainforest, threatened flora and fauna species.<sup>(3)</sup> Rous's plan to offset the loss of rainforest on sandstone with regeneration of degraded land in the buffer zone is problematic as the type of vegetation offered as recompense is not equivalent.(Nan Nicholson, botanist) Councils are required under State planning regulations to: "Focus development to areas of least biodiversity sensitivity in the region and implement the 'avoid, minimise, offset' hierarchy to biodiversity, including areas of high environmental value."<sup>(4)</sup> Rous is required to *avoid* this destruction because there are economically viable and more effective solutions.
- Industrial/construction zone for The Channon/Dunoon community; noise, machinery, trucks, visual impact. Ongoing sound impact from pump house etc.
- Higher prices for consumers due to a 4x increase in the cost of water. Rous general
  manager, in response to a question from councillor Vanessa Ekins, said he expected a fourfold
  increase in the cost of supplying water if the dam is built.
- The small population increase predicted for the four Rous-supplied councils of 12,720<sup>(5)</sup> between 2020-2060 does not justify such a large and destructive dam. The dam risks diverting expenditure away from more sustainable, flexible and effective solutions.<sup>(5)</sup>

### I SUPPORT these alternatives:

We need a suite of smart water options and proven alternatives, not a huge new dam. The tide is turning on renewable and sustainable power. It is time for the tide to turn on how we meet our water needs too.

• An investment in system-wide water efficiency and strong demand management. Analysed, costed and deployed, creating jobs. (We understand Rous has not costed this in creating their future water plan) Existing research over the past decade consistently finds that the best 'bang-for-buck' investment in water supply comes from demand management and identifying savings within the existing supply.<sup>(6) (7)</sup>

- Water re-use in various ways, including Purified Recycled Potable water. A wealth of global research and experience exists regarding potable reuse of water.<sup>(8)</sup> Eg: The city of Windhoek in Namibia has been using purified recycled water for 30 years using advanced technology.<sup>(9)</sup>
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- Contingency planning would enable Rous to be ready to rapidly implement supply measures if it becomes necessary in times of drought.
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<https://www.envir

ppacts-of-groundwater-drawdown>

Kind regards, Signature

### Feedback Submission Re: Proposed Dunoon Dam within the Future Water Project 2060

To: General Manager, Rous County Council PO Box 230, Lismore NSW 2480

From:	Kupe winn	
Address:		

Firstly, the community appreciates the submission extension. We also acknowledge the complexity of the work Rous does to provide water for our region.

### I DO NOT support the proposed The Channon-Dunoon Dam for these reasons:

- Lost opportunity to invest in system-wide water efficiency. This is the cheapest & fastest
  way to ensure supply-demand balance. By focussing on system efficiency, Sydney added an
  additional 950,000 people without a rise in consumption.<sup>(1)</sup>
- The 21st century is about a suite of smart water options. This dam would be a lost
  opportunity to make our system fit for the 21st century by swallowing all resources in one big
  expensive 'white dinosaur' project.
- The dam would encourage continued inefficient and wasteful water management by local governments. They would have no incentive to do things differently.
- Destruction of important Indigenous cultural heritage, including burial sites.<sup>(2)</sup>
- Destruction of The Channon Gorge and its endangered ecological community of lowland rainforest, threatened flora and fauna species.<sup>(3)</sup> Rous's plan to offset the loss of rainforest on sandstone with regeneration of degraded land in the buffer zone is problematic as the type of vegetation offered as recompense is not equivalent.(Nan Nicholson, botanist) Councils are required under State planning regulations to: "Focus development to areas of least biodiversity sensitivity in the region and implement the 'avoid, minimise, offset' hierarchy to biodiversity, including areas of high environmental value."<sup>(4)</sup> Rous is required to **avoid** this destruction because there are economically viable and more effective solutions.
- Industrial/construction zone for The Channon/Dunoon community; noise, machinery, trucks, visual impact. Ongoing sound impact from pump house etc.
- Higher prices for consumers due to a 4x increase in the cost of water. Rous general
  manager, in response to a question from councillor Vanessa Ekins, said he expected a fourfold
  increase in the cost of supplying water if the dam is built.
- The small population increase predicted for the four Rous-supplied councils of 12,720<sup>(5)</sup> between 2020-2060 does not justify such a large and destructive dam. The dam risks diverting expenditure away from more sustainable, flexible and effective solutions.<sup>(5)</sup>

#### I SUPPORT these alternatives:

We need a suite of smart water options and proven alternatives, not a huge new dam. The tide is turning on renewable and sustainable power. It is time for the tide to turn on how we meet our water needs too.

• An investment in system-wide water efficiency and strong demand management. Analysed, costed and deployed, creating jobs. (We understand Rous has not costed this in creating their future water plan) Existing research over the past decade consistently finds that the best 'bang-for-buck' investment in water supply comes from demand management and identifying savings within the existing supply.<sup>(6)</sup> <sup>(7)</sup>

- Water re-use in various ways, including Purified Recycled Potable water. A wealth of global
  research and experience exists regarding potable reuse of water.<sup>(#)</sup> Eg: The city of Windhoek in
  Namibia has been using purified recycled water for 30 years using advanced technology.<sup>(#)</sup>
- Water harvesting (urban runoff; rain tanks): Water tanks on all new (and existing) developments. The Australian government advises that: "Depending on tank size and climate, mains water use can be reduced by up to 100%. This in turn can help: reduce the need for new dams or desalination plants; protect remaining environmental flows in rivers; reduce infrastructure operating costs."<sup>(10)</sup> Rainwater harvesting also decreases stormwater runoff, thereby helping to reduce local flooding and scouring of creeks.<sup>(11)</sup>
- Contingency planning would enable Rous to be ready to rapidly implement supply measures if it becomes necessary in times of drought.
- Groundwater, where this is environmentally safe. The Australian government provides a lot of information on the ecological impacts and groundwater usage.<sup>(12)</sup>

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Kind regards, Signature: \_\_\_\_

Date: 6820

To: General Manager, Rous County Council PO Box 230, Lismore NSW 2480

From:	Endy	Milwan		
Address:				_
- Date:				

Re: the proposed Channon/Dunoon Dam within the Future Water Project 2060.

### I DO NOT support the proposed The Channon-Dunoon Dam for these reasons:

Destruction of important Indigenous Cultural Heritage, including burial sites (Cultural Heritage Impact Assessment, 2011). Ongoing disregard for First Nations sacred sites and culture.

Received over the counter

8 SEP 2020

- Destruction of The Channon Gorge and its Endangered Ecological Community of Lowland Rainforest (including the regionally rare warm temperate rainforest on sandstone), and its threatened species of flora and fauna. (Terrestrial Ecology Impact Assessment, 2011). Rous is planning to offset the loss of rainforest on sandstone with regeneration of degraded land in the buffer zone. Offsetting is a worthless exercise because the type of vegetation offered as recompense is never equivalent. This is worse than most. (Nan Nicholson, botanist)
- Industrial/construction zone for years for The Channon/Dunoon community; noise pollution; large trucks/machinery on our roads; visual impact. Ongoing sound impact from pump house etc.
- Water prices will increase by 4x current cost (or higher if dam budget blows out) (Rous)
- **Promotes accelerated population growth** in the Northern Rivers. I'm concerned the Dam is being framed as 'water security' to the local population, yet to further afield it is being framed as a development plan for acceleration of growth. I'm concerned the model that predicted the population did not take into account the actual dam's effect on growth.

This framing is concerning to me: "Everyone needs to understand this Regional development plan which is "focused on *unlocking the potential* of one of Australia's most beautiful places. The North Coast will become the best region in Australia to live, work and play". From planning document: <u>https://www.planning.nsw.gov.au/Plans-for-your-area/Regional-Plans/North-Coast/Delivering-the-plan</u><sup>(1)</sup>

- · Continued focus on old strategies to solve water security & economic needs.
- The entire modelling and the strategy recommendations were made pre-COVID19, and are no longer economically or demographically valid. COVID has also shown us we need to be able to pivot quickly and flexibly - something this massive 'single solution' won't do.
- The tiny population increase for the four Rous supplied councils of only 12,720<sup>(2)</sup> people between 2020-2060 does not justify such a large and destructive dam. It risks being an expensive white elephant, diverting money away from more needed and effective solutions.
- It is likely to create division and conflict within our communities after suffering flood, drought and an extreme fire season. What we need are resilience and community building solutions.

### I SUPPORT these alternatives:

I believe we need to take action on a suite of smart water options and proven alternatives.

The tide is turning on renewable and sustainable power. It is time for the tide to turn on how we meet our water needs too. This is 21st century thinking.

Strong Demand Management

Existing research over the past decade consistently finds that the best 'bang-for-buck' investment in water supply comes from demand management and identifying savings within the existing supply.<sup>(3)</sup>

### Purified Recycled Water

A wealth of global research and experience already exists regarding potable reuse of water as set out in the Australian report, *Potable Water Reuse: What can Australia learn from global experience?* <u>https://www.waterra.com.au/publications/document-search/?download=1806</u> <sup>(6)</sup>

Example: The city of Windhoek has been using Purified Recycled Water for 30yrs using advanced technology. <u>https://www.wingoc.com.na/our-history</u><sup>(6)</sup>

 Water Tanks on all new (and existing) developments<sup>(7)</sup> This builds community resilience - much needed as the example of the extreme bushfire season has shown up.
 The Australian government advises that:

The Australian government advises that:

Depending on tank size and climate, mains water use can be reduced by up to 100%. This in turn can help:

- \* reduce the need for new dams or desalination plants
- \* protect remaining environmental flows in rivers
- \* reduce infrastructure operating costs.

Rainwater harvesting also decreases stormwater runoff, thereby helping to reduce local flooding and scouring of creeks.<sup>(9)</sup> <u>https://www.yourhome.gov.au/water/rainwater</u>

# Groundwater, where this is environmentally safe

The Australian government provides a lot of information on ecological impacts and groundwater usage.<sup>(9)</sup>

https://www.environment.gov.au/water/publications/what-are-the-ecological-impacts-of-groundwaterdrawdown

With scalable alternatives in place for supply, the existing Rocky Ck Dam supply component will be made resilient to anticipated times of drought and projected population growth, without the environmental destruction, social costs, and the over-capitalisation risk of an outsized dam.

### **References and Notes**

- 1. NSW Department of Planning, Industry and Environment 2019, 'Delivering the plan', Sydney, viewed 03 August 2020, <a href="https://www.planning.nsw.gov.au/Plans-for-your-area/Regional-Plans/North-Coast/Delivering-the-plan">https://www.planning.nsw.gov.au/Plans-for-your-area/Regional-Plans/North-Coast/Delivering-the-plan</a>
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# Kind Regards,

### Feedback Submission Re: Proposed Dunoon Dam within the Future Water Project 2060

To:	General Manager, Rous County Council
	PO Box 230, Lismore NSW 2480
From:	Pauline Machoo -
Addre	ss:

Firstly, the community appreciates the submission extension. We also acknowledge the complexity of the work Rous does to provide water for our region.

I DO NOT support the proposed The Channon-Dunoon Dam for these reasons:

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  way to ensure supply-demand balance. By focussing on system efficiency, Sydney added an
  additional 950,000 people without a rise in consumption.<sup>(1)</sup>
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# Feedback Submission Re: Proposed Dunoon Dam within the Future Water Project 2060

To: General Manager, Rous County Council PO Box 230, Lismore NSW 2480

From:	Kirstin	Macleoo.	 
Address:	_		 
	-		 

Firstly, the community appreciates the submission extension. We also acknowledge the complexity of the work Rous does to provide water for our region.

#### I DO NOT support the proposed The Channon-Duncon Dam for these reasons:

- Lost opportunity to invest in system-wide water efficiency. This is the cheapest & fastest way to ensure supply-demand balance. By focussing on system efficiency, Sydney added an additional 950,000 people without a rise in consumption.<sup>(1)</sup>
- The 21st century is about a suite of smart water options. This dam would be a lost
  opportunity to make our system fit for the 21st century by swallowing all resources in one big
  expensive 'white dinosaur' project.
- The dam would encourage continued inefficient and wasteful water management by local governments. They would have no incentive to do things differently.
- Destruction of important Indigenous cultural heritage, including burial sites.<sup>(2)</sup>
- Destruction of The Channon Gorge and its endangered ecological community of lowland rainforest, threatened flora and fauna species.<sup>(3)</sup> Rous's plan to offset the loss of rainforest on sandstone with regeneration of degraded land in the buffer zone is problematic as the type of vegetation offered as recompense is not equivalent.(Nan Nicholson, botanist) Councils are required under State planning regulations to: "Focus development to areas of least biodiversity sensitivity in the region and implement the 'avoid, minimise, offset' hierarchy to biodiversity, including areas of high environmental value."<sup>(4)</sup> Rous is required to **avoid** this destruction because there are economically viable and more effective solutions.
- Industrial/construction zone for The Channon/Dunoon community; noise, machinery, trucks, visual impact. Ongoing sound impact from pump house etc.
- Higher prices for consumers due to a 4x increase in the cost of water. Rous general
  manager, in response to a question from councillor Vanessa Ekins, said he expected a fourfold
  increase in the cost of supplying water if the dam is built.
- The small population increase predicted for the four Rous-supplied councils of 12,720<sup>(6)</sup> between 2020-2060 does not justify such a large and destructive dam. The dam risks diverting expenditure away from more sustainable, flexible and effective solutions.<sup>(5)</sup>

#### I SUPPORT these alternatives:

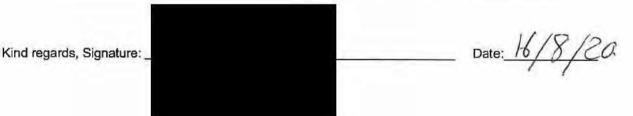
We need a suite of smart water options and proven alternatives, not a huge new dam. The tide is turning on renewable and sustainable power. It is time for the tide to turn on how we meet our water needs too.

An investment in system-wide water efficiency and strong demand management. Analysed, costed and deployed, creating jobs. (We understand Rous has not costed this in creating their future water plan) Existing research over the past decade consistently finds that the best 'bang-for-buck' investment in water supply comes from demand management and identifying savings within the existing supply.<sup>(6) (7)</sup>

- Water re-use in various ways, including Purified Recycled Potable water. A wealth of global research and experience exists regarding potable reuse of water.<sup>(8)</sup> Eg: The city of Windhoek in Namibia has been using purified recycled water for 30 years using advanced technology.<sup>(9)</sup>
- Water harvesting (urban runoff; rain tanks): Water tanks on all new (and existing) developments. The Australian government advises that: "Depending on tank size and climate, mains water use can be reduced by up to 100%. This in turn can help: reduce the need for new dams or desalination plants; protect remaining environmental flows in rivers; reduce infrastructure operating costs."<sup>(10)</sup> Rainwater harvesting also decreases stormwater runoff, thereby helping to reduce local flooding and scouring of creeks.<sup>(11)</sup>
- Contingency planning would enable Rous to be ready to rapidly implement supply measures if it becomes necessary in times of drought.
- Groundwater, where this is environmentally safe. The Australian government provides a lot of information on the ecological impacts and groundwater usage.<sup>(12)</sup>

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# Feedback Submission Re: Proposed Dunoon Dam within the Future Water Project 2060

To: General Manager, Rous County Council PO Box 230, Lismore NSW 2480

From:		ROBYIN	DEGONALDI	
Address:	1			 _
	-			

Firstly, the community appreciates the submission extension. We also acknowledge the complexity of the work Rous does to provide water for our region.

I DO NOT support the proposed The Channon-Dunoon Dam for these reasons:

- Lost opportunity to invest in system-wide water efficiency. This is the cheapest & fastest
  way to ensure supply-demand balance. By focussing on system efficiency, Sydney added an
  additional 950,000 people without a rise in consumption.<sup>(1)</sup>
- The 21st century is about a suite of smart water options. This dam would be a lost
  opportunity to make our system fit for the 21st century by swallowing all resources in one big
  expensive 'white dinosaur' project.
- The dam would encourage continued inefficient and wasteful water management by local governments. They would have no incentive to do things differently.
- Destruction of important Indigenous cultural heritage, including burial sites.<sup>(2)</sup>
- Destruction of The Channon Gorge and its endangered ecological community of lowland rainforest, threatened flora and fauna species.<sup>(3)</sup> Rous's plan to offset the loss of rainforest on sandstone with regeneration of degraded land in the buffer zone is problematic as the type of vegetation offered as recompense is not equivalent.(Nan Nicholson, botanist) Councils are required under State planning regulations to: "Focus development to areas of least biodiversity sensitivity in the region and implement the 'avoid, minimise, offset' hierarchy to biodiversity, including areas of high environmental value."<sup>(4)</sup> Rous is required to **avoid** this destruction because there are economically viable and more effective solutions.
- Industrial/construction zone for The Channon/Dunoon community; noise, machinery, trucks, visual impact. Ongoing sound impact from pump house etc.
- Higher prices for consumers due to a 4x increase in the cost of water. Rous general
  manager, in response to a question from councillor Vanessa Ekins, said he expected a fourfold
  increase in the cost of supplying water if the dam is built.
- The small population increase predicted for the four Rous-supplied councils of 12,720<sup>(5)</sup> between 2020-2060 does not justify such a large and destructive dam. The dam risks diverting expenditure away from more sustainable, flexible and effective solutions.<sup>(5)</sup>

#### I SUPPORT these alternatives:

We need a suite of smart water options and proven alternatives, not a huge new dam. The tide is turning on renewable and sustainable power. It is time for the tide to turn on how we meet our water needs too.

An investment in system-wide water efficiency and strong demand management. Analysed, costed and deployed, creating jobs. (We understand Rous has not costed this in creating their future water plan) Existing research over the past decade consistently finds that the best 'bang-for-buck' investment in water supply comes from demand management and identifying savings within the existing supply.<sup>(6) (7)</sup>

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Date: 16/8/20

Kind regards, Signature: \_

## Feedback Submission Re: Proposed Dunoon Dam within the Future Water Project 2060

To: General Manager, Rous County Council PO Box 230, Lismore NSW 2480

From:	JON MULCRHY	
Address:		

Firstly, the community appreciates the submission extension. We also acknowledge the complexity of the work Rous does to provide water for our region.

### I DO NOT support the proposed The Channon-Dunoon Dam for these reasons:

- Lost opportunity to invest in system-wide water efficiency. This is the cheapest & fastest
  way to ensure supply-demand balance. By focussing on system efficiency, Sydney added an
  additional 950,000 people without a rise in consumption.<sup>(1)</sup>
- The 21st century is about a suite of smart water options. This dam would be a lost opportunity to make our system fit for the 21st century by swallowing all resources in one big expensive 'white dinosaur' project.
- The dam would encourage continued inefficient and wasteful water management by local governments. They would have no incentive to do things differently.
- Destruction of important Indigenous cultural heritage, including burial sites.<sup>(2)</sup>
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- Industrial/construction zone for The Channon/Dunoon community; noise, machinery, trucks, visual impact. Ongoing sound impact from pump house etc.
- Higher prices for consumers due to a 4x increase in the cost of water. Rous general manager, in response to a question from councillor Vanessa Ekins, said he expected a fourfold increase in the cost of supplying water if the dam is built.
- The small population increase predicted for the four Rous-supplied councils of 12,720<sup>(5)</sup> between 2020-2060 does not justify such a large and destructive dam. The dam risks diverting expenditure away from more sustainable, flexible and effective solutions.<sup>(5)</sup>

### I SUPPORT these alternatives:

We need a suite of smart water options and proven alternatives, not a huge new dam. The tide is turning on renewable and sustainable power. It is time for the tide to turn on how we meet our water needs too.

• An investment in system-wide water efficiency and strong demand management. Analysed, costed and deployed, creating jobs. (We understand Rous has not costed this in creating their future water plan) Existing research over the past decade consistently finds that the best 'bang-for-buck' investment in water supply comes from demand management and identifying savings within the existing supply.<sup>(6) (7)</sup>

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- Contingency planning would enable Rous to be ready to rapidly implement supply measures if it . becomes necessary in times of drought.
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Kind regards, Sign

Date: 6/9/20

## Feedback Submission Re: Proposed Dunoon Dam within the Future Water Project 2060

To: General Manager, Rous County Council PO Box 230, Lismore NSW 2480

From:	Peter Slavic	
Address:		
-		(

Firstly, the community appreciates the submission extension. We also acknowledge the complexity of the work Rous does to provide water for our region.

I DO NOT support the proposed The Channon-Dunoon Dam for these reasons:

- Lost opportunity to invest in system-wide water efficiency. This is the cheapest & fastest
  way to ensure supply-demand balance. By focussing on system efficiency, Sydney added an
  additional 950,000 people without a rise in consumption.<sup>(1)</sup>
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- The small population increase predicted for the four Rous-supplied councils of 12,720<sup>(5)</sup> between 2020-2060 does not justify such a large and destructive dam. The dam risks diverting expenditure away from more sustainable, flexible and effective solutions.<sup>(5)</sup>

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# Feedback Submission Re: Proposed Dunoon Dam within the Future Water Project 2060

To: General Manager, Rous County Council PO Box 230, Lismore NSW 2480

From:	Michole	White	
Address:	-		 

Firstly, the community appreciates the submission extension. We also acknowledge the complexity of the work Rous does to provide water for our region.

### I DO NOT support the proposed The Channon-Dunoon Dam for these reasons:

- Lost opportunity to invest in system-wide water efficiency. This is the cheapest & fastest way to ensure supply-demand balance. By focussing on system efficiency, Sydney added an additional 950,000 people without a rise in consumption.<sup>(1)</sup>
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  expensive 'white dinosaur' project.
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<htps://www.environment.gov.au/water/publications/what-are-the-ecological-impacts-of-groundwater-drawdown>

Kind regards, Signature: \_

Date: 619120

# Feedback Submission Re: Proposed Dunoon Dam within the Future Water Project 2060

To: General Manager, Rous County Council PO Box 230, Lismore NSW 2480

From:	Kate	Galburel
Address:		

Firstly, the community appreciates the submission extension. We also acknowledge the complexity of the work Rous does to provide water for our region.

### I DO NOT support the proposed The Channon-Dunoon Dam for these reasons:

1

- Lost opportunity to invest in system-wide water efficiency. This is the cheapest & fastest
  way to ensure supply-demand balance. By focussing on system efficiency, Sydney added an
  additional 950,000 people without a rise in consumption.<sup>(1)</sup>
- The 21st century is about a suite of smart water options. This dam would be a lost opportunity to make our system fit for the 21st century by swallowing all resources in one big expensive 'white dinosaur' project.
- The dam would encourage continued inefficient and wasteful water management by local governments. They would have no incentive to do things differently.
- Destruction of important Indigenous cultural heritage, including burial sites.<sup>(2)</sup>
- Destruction of The Channon Gorge and its endangered ecological community of lowland rainforest, threatened flora and fauna species.<sup>(3)</sup> Rous's plan to offset the loss of rainforest on sandstone with regeneration of degraded land in the buffer zone is problematic as the type of vegetation offered as recompense is not equivalent.(Nan Nicholson, botanist) Councils are required under State planning regulations to: "Focus development to areas of least biodiversity sensitivity in the region and implement the 'avoid, minimise, offset' hierarchy to biodiversity, including areas of high environmental value."<sup>(4)</sup> Rous is required to **avoid** this destruction because there are economically viable and more effective solutions.
- Industrial/construction zone for The Channon/Dunoon community; noise, machinery, trucks, visual impact. Ongoing sound impact from pump house etc.
- Higher prices for consumers due to a 4x increase in the cost of water. Rous general
  manager, in response to a question from councillor Vanessa Ekins, said he expected a fourfold
  increase in the cost of supplying water if the dam is built.
- The small population increase predicted for the four Rous-supplied councils of 12,720<sup>(5)</sup> between 2020-2060 does not justify such a large and destructive dam. The dam risks diverting expenditure away from more sustainable, flexible and effective solutions.<sup>(5)</sup>

### I SUPPORT these alternatives:

We need a suite of smart water options and proven alternatives, not a huge new dam. The tide is turning on renewable and sustainable power. It is time for the tide to turn on how we meet our water needs too.

• An investment in system-wide water efficiency and strong demand management. Analysed, costed and deployed, creating jobs. (We understand Rous has not costed this in creating their future water plan) Existing research over the past decade consistently finds that the best 'bang-for-buck' investment in water supply comes from demand management and identifying savings within the existing supply.<sup>(6) (7)</sup>

- Water re-use in various ways, including Purified Recycled Potable water. A wealth of global research and experience exists regarding potable reuse of water.<sup>(#)</sup> Eg: The city of Windhoek in Namibia has been using purified recycled water for 30 years using advanced technology.<sup>(9)</sup>
- Water harvesting (urban runoff; rain tanks): Water tanks on all new (and existing) developments. The Australian government advises that: "Depending on tank size and climate, mains water use can be reduced by up to 100%. This in turn can help: reduce the need for new dams or desalination plants; protect remaining environmental flows in rivers; reduce infrastructure operating costs."<sup>(10)</sup> Rainwater harvesting also decreases stormwater runoff, thereby helping to reduce local flooding and scouring of creeks.<sup>(11)</sup>
- Contingency planning would enable Rous to be ready to rapidly implement supply measures if it becomes necessary in times of drought.
- Groundwater, where this is environmentally safe. The Australian government provides a lot of information on the ecological impacts and groundwater usage.<sup>(12)</sup>

#### **References and Notes**

- (1) Metropolitan Water Plan 2006, NSW Government. Exec Summary section of the doc https://www.dropbox.com/s/pu0898oq6kocrph/NSW%20Govt%202006%20MWP%20summary.pdf?dl=0
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# Feedback Submission Re: Proposed Dunoon Dam within the Future Water Project 2060

To: General Manager, Rous County Council PO Box 230, Lismore NSW 2480

From: Lesse Telford Address:

Firstly, the community appreciates the submission extension. We also acknowledge the complexity of the work Rous does to provide water for our region.

I DO NOT support the proposed The Channon-Dunoon Dam for these reasons:

- Lost opportunity to invest in system-wide water efficiency. This is the cheapest & fastest way to ensure supply-demand balance. By focussing on system efficiency, Sydney added an additional 950,000 people without a rise in consumption.<sup>(1)</sup>
- The 21st century is about a suite of smart water options. This dam would be a lost
  opportunity to make our system fit for the 21st century by swallowing all resources in one big
  expensive 'white dinosaur' project.
- The dam would encourage continued inefficient and wasteful water management by local governments. They would have no incentive to do things differently.
- Destruction of important Indigenous cultural heritage, including burial sites.<sup>(2)</sup>
- Destruction of The Channon Gorge and its endangered ecological community of lowland rainforest, threatened flora and fauna species.<sup>(3)</sup> Rous's plan to offset the loss of rainforest on sandstone with regeneration of degraded land in the buffer zone is problematic as the type of vegetation offered as recompense is not equivalent.(Nan Nicholson, botanist) Councils are required under State planning regulations to: "Focus development to areas of least biodiversity sensitivity in the region and implement the 'avoid, minimise, offset' hierarchy to biodiversity, including areas of high environmental value."<sup>(4)</sup> Rous is required to avoid this destruction because there are economically viable and more effective solutions.
- Industrial/construction zone for The Channon/Dunoon community; noise, machinery, trucks, visual impact. Ongoing sound impact from pump house etc.
- Higher prices for consumers due to a 4x increase in the cost of water. Rous general manager, in response to a question from councillor Vanessa Ekins, said he expected a fourfold increase in the cost of supplying water if the dam is built.
- The small population increase predicted for the four Rous-supplied councils of 12,720<sup>(5)</sup> between 2020-2060 does not justify such a large and destructive dam. The dam risks diverting expenditure away from more sustainable, flexible and effective solutions.<sup>(5)</sup>

# I SUPPORT these alternatives:

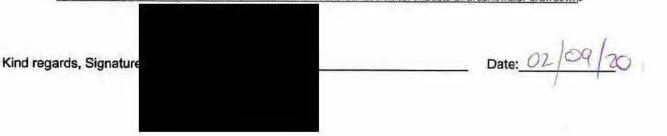
We need a suite of smart water options and proven alternatives, not a huge new dam. The tide is turning on renewable and sustainable power. It is time for the tide to turn on how we meet our water needs too.

An investment in system-wide water efficiency and strong demand management. Analysed, costed and deployed, creating jobs. (We understand Rous has not costed this in creating their future water plan) Existing research over the past decade consistently finds that the best 'bang-for-buck' investment in water supply comes from demand management and identifying savings within the existing supply.<sup>(6) (7)</sup>

- Water re-use in various ways, including Purified Recycled Potable water. A wealth of global research and experience exists regarding potable reuse of water.<sup>(6)</sup> Eg: The city of Windhoek in Namibia has been using purified recycled water for 30 years using advanced technology.<sup>(9)</sup>
- Water harvesting (urban runoff; rain tanks): Water tanks on all new (and existing) developments. The Australian government advises that: "Depending on tank size and climate, mains water use can be reduced by up to 100%. This in turn can help: reduce the need for new dams or desalination plants; protect remaining environmental flows in rivers; reduce infrastructure operating costs."<sup>(10)</sup> Rainwater harvesting also decreases stormwater runoff, thereby helping to reduce local flooding and scouring of creeks.<sup>(11)</sup>
- Contingency planning would enable Rous to be ready to rapidly implement supply measures if it becomes necessary in times of drought.
- Groundwater, where this is environmentally safe. The Australian government provides a lot of information on the ecological impacts and groundwater usage.<sup>(12)</sup>

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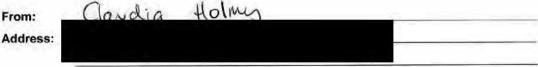
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### Feedback Submission Re: Proposed Dunoon Dam within the Future Water Project 2060

General Manager, Rous County Council To: PO Box 230, Lismore NSW 2480

From:



Firstly, the community appreciates the submission extension. We also acknowledge the complexity of the work Rous does to provide water for our region.

I DO NOT support the proposed The Channon-Dunoon Dam for these reasons:

- Lost opportunity to invest in system-wide water efficiency. This is the cheapest & fastest way to ensure supply-demand balance. By focussing on system efficiency, Sydney added an additional 950,000 people without a rise in consumption.<sup>(1)</sup>
- The 21st century is about a suite of smart water options. This dam would be a lost opportunity to make our system fit for the 21st century by swallowing all resources in one big expensive 'white dinosaur' project.
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- Industrial/construction zone for The Channon/Dunoon community; noise, machinery, trucks, . visual impact. Ongoing sound impact from pump house etc.
- Higher prices for consumers due to a 4x increase in the cost of water. Rous general manager, in response to a question from councillor Vanessa Ekins, said he expected a fourfold increase in the cost of supplying water if the dam is built.
- The small population increase predicted for the four Rous-supplied councils of 12,720<sup>(5)</sup> . between 2020-2060 does not justify such a large and destructive dam. The dam risks diverting expenditure away from more sustainable, flexible and effective solutions.<sup>(5)</sup>

### I SUPPORT these alternatives:

We need a suite of smart water options and proven alternatives, not a huge new dam. The tide is turning on renewable and sustainable power. It is time for the tide to turn on how we meet our water needs too.

An investment in system-wide water efficiency and strong demand management. Analysed, costed and deployed, creating jobs. (We understand Rous has not costed this in creating their future water plan) Existing research over the past decade consistently finds that the best 'bang-for-buck' investment in water supply comes from demand management and identifying savings within the existing supply.(6) (7)

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Kind regards, Signature:

Date: 23/8/20

#### Feedback Submission Re: Proposed Dunoon Dam within the Future Water Project 2060

To: General Manager, Rous County Council PO Box 230, Lismore NSW 2480

From: Address:



Firstly, the community appreciates the submission extension. We also acknowledge the complexity of the work Rous does to provide water for our region.

DO NOT support the proposed The Channon-Dunoon Dam for these reasons:

- Lost opportunity to invest in system-wide water efficiency. This is the cheapest & fastest
  way to ensure supply-demand balance. By focussing on system efficiency, Sydney added an
  additional 950,000 people without a rise in consumption.<sup>(1)</sup>
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  opportunity to make our system fit for the 21st century by swallowing all resources in one big
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Kind regards, Signature:

Date: 23/8/20

# Feedback Submission Re: Proposed Dunoon Dam within the Future Water Project 2060

To: General Manager, Rous County Council PO Box 230, Lismore NSW 2480

From:	Jean	O'Brien	
Address:			

Firstly, the community appreciates the submission extension. We also acknowledge the complexity of the work Rous does to provide water for our region.

### I DO NOT support the proposed The Channon-Dunoon Dam for these reasons:

- Lost opportunity to invest in system-wide water efficiency. This is the cheapest & fastest way to ensure supply-demand balance. By focussing on system efficiency, Sydney added an additional 950,000 people without a rise in consumption.<sup>(7)</sup>
- The 21st century is about a suite of smart water options. This dam would be a lost
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- The small population increase predicted for the four Rous-supplied councils of 12,720<sup>(5)</sup> between 2020-2060 does not justify such a large and destructive dam. The dam risks diverting expenditure away from more sustainable, flexible and effective solutions.<sup>(5)</sup>

# I SUPPORT these alternatives:

We need a suite of smart water options and proven alternatives, not a huge new dam. The tide is turning on renewable and sustainable power. It is time for the tide to turn on how we meet our water needs too.

An investment in system-wide water efficiency and strong demand management. Analysed, costed and deployed, creating jobs. (We understand Rous has not costed this in creating their future water plan) Existing research over the past decade consistently finds that the best 'bang-for-buck' investment in water supply comes from demand management and identifying savings within the existing supply.<sup>(6) (7)</sup>

- Water re-use in various ways, including Purified Recycled Potable water. A wealth of global research and experience exists regarding potable reuse of water.<sup>(8)</sup> Eg: The city of Windhoek in Namibia has been using purified recycled water for 30 years using advanced technology.<sup>(9)</sup>
- Water harvesting (urban runoff; rain tanks): Water tanks on all new (and existing) developments. The Australian government advises that: "Depending on tank size and climate, mains water use can be reduced by up to 100%. This in turn can help: reduce the need for new dams or desalination plants; protect remaining environmental flows in rivers; reduce infrastructure operating costs."<sup>(10)</sup> Rainwater harvesting also decreases stormwater runoff, thereby helping to reduce local flooding and scouring of creeks.<sup>(11)</sup>
- Contingency planning would enable Rous to be ready to rapidly implement supply measures if it becomes necessary in times of drought.
- Groundwater, where this is environmentally safe. The Australian government provides a lot of information on the ecological impacts and groundwater usage.<sup>(12)</sup>

#### **References and Notes**

- (1) Metropolitan Water Plan 2006, NSW Government. Exec Summary section of the doc https://www.dropbox.com/s/pu9898oq6kocrph/NSW%20Govt%202006%20MWP%20summary.pdf?dl=0
- (2) Ainsworth Heritage, Cultural Heritage Impact Assessment, 2011
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- (4) NSW Department of Planning, Industry and Environment 2019, 'Delivering the plan', Sydney, viewed 03 August 2020 < <u>https://www.planning.nsw.gov.au/Plans-for-your-area/Regional-Plans/North-Coast/Delivering-the-plan</u> > , Direction 2: Enhance biodiversity coastal and aquatic habitats and water catchments.
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- (6) The Rous Regional Water Efficiency Program 1997, Final report of the Rous Regional Demand Management Strategy : preferred options, Rous County Council, Lismore.
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Kind regards, Signature Date: 5/9/2020

## Feedback Submission Re: Proposed Dunoon Dam within the Future Water Project 2060

To: General Manager, Rous County Council PO Box 230, Lismore NSW 2480

From:	Ellen Styles		
Address:			
	-		

Firstly, the community appreciates the submission extension. We also acknowledge the complexity of the work Rous does to provide water for our region.

#### I DO NOT support the proposed The Channon-Dunoon Dam for these reasons:

- Lost opportunity to invest in system-wide water efficiency. This is the cheapest & fastest
  way to ensure supply-demand balance. By focussing on system efficiency, Sydney added an
  additional 950,000 people without a rise in consumption.<sup>(9)</sup>
- The 21st century is about a suite of smart water options. This dam would be a lost
  opportunity to make our system fit for the 21st century by swallowing all resources in one big
  expensive 'white dinosaur' project.
- The dam would encourage continued inefficient and wasteful water management by local governments. They would have no incentive to do things differently.
- Destruction of important Indigenous cultural heritage, including burial sites.<sup>(2)</sup>
- Destruction of The Channon Gorge and its endangered ecological community of lowland rainforest, threatened flora and fauna species.<sup>(3)</sup> Rous's plan to offset the loss of rainforest on sandstone with regeneration of degraded land in the buffer zone is problematic as the type of vegetation offered as recompense is not equivalent.(Nan Nicholson, botanist) Councils are required under State planning regulations to: "Focus development to areas of least biodiversity sensitivity in the region and implement the 'avoid, minimise, offset' hierarchy to biodiversity, including areas of high environmental value."<sup>(4)</sup> Rous is required to **avoid** this destruction because there are economically viable and more effective solutions.
- Industrial/construction zone for The Channon/Dunoon community; noise, machinery, trucks, visual impact. Ongoing sound impact from pump house etc.
- Higher prices for consumers due to a 4x increase in the cost of water. Rous general
  manager, in response to a question from councillor Vanessa Ekins, said he expected a fourfold
  increase in the cost of supplying water if the dam is built.
- The small population increase predicted for the four Rous-supplied councils of 12,720<sup>(5)</sup> between 2020-2060 does not justify such a large and destructive dam. The dam risks diverting expenditure away from more sustainable, flexible and effective solutions.<sup>(5)</sup>

#### I SUPPORT these alternatives:

We need a suite of smart water options and proven alternatives, not a huge new dam. The tide is turning on renewable and sustainable power. It is time for the tide to turn on how we meet our water needs too.

• An investment in system-wide water efficiency and strong demand management. Analysed, costed and deployed, creating jobs. (We understand Rous has not costed this in creating their future water plan) Existing research over the past decade consistently finds that the best 'bang-for-buck' investment in water supply comes from demand management and identifying savings within the existing supply.<sup>(6) (7)</sup>

- Water re-use in various ways, including Purified Recycled Potable water. A wealth of global research and experience exists regarding potable reuse of water.<sup>(8)</sup> Eg: The city of Windhoek in Namibia has been using purified recycled water for 30 years using advanced technology.<sup>(9)</sup>
- Water harvesting (urban runoff; rain tanks): Water tanks on all new (and existing) developments. The Australian government advises that: "Depending on tank size and climate, mains water use can be reduced by up to 100%. This in turn can help: reduce the need for new dams or desalination plants; protect remaining environmental flows in rivers; reduce infrastructure operating costs."<sup>(10)</sup> Rainwater harvesting also decreases stormwater runoff, thereby helping to reduce local flooding and scouring of creeks.<sup>(11)</sup>
- Contingency planning would enable Rous to be ready to rapidly implement supply measures if it becomes necessary in times of drought.
- Groundwater, where this is environmentally safe. The Australian government provides a lot of information on the ecological impacts and groundwater usage.<sup>(12)</sup>

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Kind regards, Signature:

Date: 6/2/20

### Feedback Submission Re: Proposed Dunoon Dam within the Future Water Project 2060

To: General Manager, Rous County Council PO Box 230, Lismore NSW 2480

From:	Christine	Rumble	
Address:			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

Firstly, the community appreciates the submission extension. We also acknowledge the complexity of the work Rous does to provide water for our region.

I DO NOT support the proposed The Channon-Dunoon Dam for these reasons:

- Lost opportunity to invest in system-wide water efficiency. This is the cheapest & fastest way to ensure supply-demand balance. By focussing on system efficiency, Sydney added an additional 950,000 people without a rise in consumption.<sup>(1)</sup>
- The 21st century is about a suite of smart water options. This dam would be a lost opportunity to make our system fit for the 21st century by swallowing all resources in one big expensive 'white dinosaur' project.
- The dam would encourage continued inefficient and wasteful water management by local governments. They would have no incentive to do things differently.
- Destruction of important Indigenous cultural heritage, including burial sites.<sup>(2)</sup>
- Destruction of The Channon Gorge and its endangered ecological community of lowland rainforest, threatened flora and fauna species.<sup>(3)</sup> Rous's plan to offset the loss of rainforest on sandstone with regeneration of degraded land in the buffer zone is problematic as the type of vegetation offered as recompense is not equivalent. (Nan Nicholson, botanist) Councils are required under State planning regulations to: "Focus development to areas of least biodiversity sensitivity in the region and implement the 'avoid, minimise, offset' hierarchy to biodiversity, including areas of high environmental value,"(4) Rous is required to avoid this destruction because there are economically viable and more effective solutions.
- Industrial/construction zone for The Channon/Dunoon community; noise, machinery, trucks, visual impact. Ongoing sound impact from pump house etc.
- Higher prices for consumers due to a 4x increase in the cost of water. Rous general manager, in response to a question from councillor Vanessa Ekins, said he expected a fourfold increase in the cost of supplying water if the dam is built.
- The small population increase predicted for the four Rous-supplied councils of 12,720<sup>(5)</sup> between 2020-2060 does not justify such a large and destructive dam. The dam risks diverting expenditure away from more sustainable, flexible and effective solutions.<sup>(5)</sup>

#### I SUPPORT these alternatives:

We need a suite of smart water options and proven alternatives, not a huge new dam. The tide is turning on renewable and sustainable power. It is time for the tide to turn on how we meet our water needs too.

An investment in system-wide water efficiency and strong demand management. Analysed, costed and deployed, creating jobs. (We understand Rous has not costed this in creating their future water plan) Existing research over the past decade consistently finds that the best 'bang-for-buck' investment in water supply comes from demand management and identifying savings within the existing supply.(6) (7)

- Water re-use in various ways, including Purified Recycled Potable water. A wealth of global research and experience exists regarding potable reuse of water.<sup>(#)</sup> Eg: The city of Windhoek in Namibia has been using purified recycled water for 30 years using advanced technology.<sup>(9)</sup>
- Water harvesting (urban runoff; rain tanks): Water tanks on all new (and existing) developments. The Australian government advises that: "Depending on tank size and climate, mains water use can be reduced by up to 100%. This in turn can help: reduce the need for new dams or desalination plants; protect remaining environmental flows in rivers; reduce infrastructure operating costs."<sup>(10)</sup> Rainwater harvesting also decreases stormwater runoff, thereby helping to reduce local flooding and scouring of creeks.<sup>(11)</sup>
- Contingency planning would enable Rous to be ready to rapidly implement supply measures if it becomes necessary in times of drought.
- Groundwater, where this is environmentally safe. The Australian government provides a lot of information on the ecological impacts and groundwater usage.<sup>(12)</sup>

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Kind regards, Signature: \_

Date: 3/9/2020

To:	General Manager	
	<b>Rous County Council</b>	
	PO Box 230	
	Lismore NSW 2480	

From:	Junia	WIL	
Address:	_		 
Date:	9/8/20		

Re: the proposed Channon/Dunoon Dam within the Future Water Project 2060.

# I DO NOT support the proposed The Channon-Dunoon Dam for these reasons:

- Destruction of important Indigenous Cultural Heritage, including burial sites (Cultural Heritage Impact Assessment, 2011). Ongoing disregard for First Nations sacred sites and culture.
- Destruction of The Channon Gorge and its Endangered Ecological Community of Lowland Rainforest (including the regionally rare warm temperate rainforest on sandstone), and its threatened species of flora and fauna. (Terrestrial Ecology Impact Assessment, 2011).

Rous is planning to offset the loss of rainforest on sandstone with regeneration of degraded land in the buffer zone. Offsetting is a worthless exercise because the type of vegetation offered as recompense is never equivalent. This is worse than most. (Nan Nicholson, botanist)

- Industrial/construction zone for years for The Channon/Dunoon community; noise pollution; large trucks/machinery on our roads; visual impact. Ongoing sound impact from pump house etc.
- Water prices will increase by 4x current cost (or higher if dam budget blows out) (Rous)
- Promotes accelerated population growth in the Northern Rivers. I'm concerned the Dam is being framed as 'water security' to the local population, yet to further afield it is being framed as a development plan for acceleration of growth. I'm concerned the model that predicted the population did not take into account the actual dam's effect on growth. This framing is concerning to me: "Everyone needs to understand this Regional development plan which is "focused on *unlocking the potential* of one of Australia's most beautiful places. The North Coast will become the best region in Australia to live, work and play". From planning document:

https://www.planning.nsw.gov.au/Plans-for-your-area/Regional-Plans/North-Coast/ Delivering-the-plan<sup>(1)</sup>

Continued focus on old strategies to solve water security & economic needs.

- The entire modelling and the strategy recommendations were made pre-COVID19, and are no longer economically or demographically valid. COVID has also shown us we need to be able to pivot quickly and flexibly - something this massive 'single solution' won't do.
- The tiny population increase for the four Rous supplied councils of only 12,720<sup>(2)</sup> people between 2020-2060 does not justify such a large and destructive dam. It risks being an expensive white elephant, diverting money away from more needed and effective solutions.
- It is likely to create division and conflict within our communities after suffering flood, drought and an extreme fire season. What we need are resilience and community building solutions.

# I SUPPORT these alternatives:

I believe we need to take action on a suite of smart water options and proven alternatives.

The tide is turning on renewable and sustainable power. It is time for the tide to turn on how we meet our water needs too. This is 21st century thinking.

### Strong Demand Management

Existing research over the past decade consistently finds that the best 'bang-for-buck' investment in water supply comes from demand management and identifying savings within the existing supply.<sup>(3) (4)</sup>

### Purified Recycled Water

A wealth of global research and experience already exists regarding potable reuse of water as set out in the Australian report, *Potable Water Reuse: What can Australia learn from* global experience?

https://www.waterra.com.au/publications/document-search/?download=1806 (5)

Example: The city of Windhoek has been using Purified Recycled Water for 30yrs using advanced technology.

https://www.wingoc.com.na/our-history (6)

Water tanks on all new (and existing) developments<sup>(7)</sup> This builds community resilience
 much needed as the example of the extreme bushfire season has shown up.

The Australian government advises that:

Depending on tank size and climate, mains water use can be reduced by up to 100%. This in turn can help:

- \* reduce the need for new dams or desalination plants
- \* protect remaining environmental flows in rivers

\* reduce infrastructure operating costs.

Rainwater harvesting also decreases stormwater runoff, thereby helping to reduce local flooding and scouring of creeks.<sup>(8)</sup> <u>https://www.yourhome.gov.au/water/rainwater</u>

Groundwater, where this is environmentally safe

The Australian government provides a lot of information on ecological impacts and groundwater usage.<sup>(9)</sup>

https://www.environment.gov.au/water/publications/what-are-the-ecological-impacts-of-groundwater-drawdown

With scalable alternatives in place for supply, the existing Rocky Ck Dam supply component will be made resilient to anticipated times of drought and projected population growth, without the environmental destruction, social costs, and the over-capitalisation risk of an outsized dam.

### **References and Notes**

- NSW Department of Planning, Industry and Environment 2019, 'Delivering the plan', Sydney, viewed 03 August 2020, <<u>https://www.planning.nsw.gov.au/Plans-for-your-area/Regional-Plans/North-Coast/</u> Delivering-the-plan>
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<https://www.environment.gov.au/water/publications/what-are-the-ecological-impacts-ofgroundwater-drawdown>

Kind Regards,

### Feedback Submission Re: Proposed Dunoon Dam within the Future Water Project 2060

To: General Manager, Rous County Council PO Box 230, Lismore NSW 2480

From:	Perm	Flucson	
Address:			

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#### SUPPORT these alternatives:

We need a suite of smart water options and proven alternatives, not a huge new dam. The tide is turning on renewable and sustainable power. It is time for the tide to turn on how we meet our water needs too.

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